BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. | BANGOR, ME WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 29, 1890. | VOL. LVII.—NUMBER 257.

LYDIA PINKHAM:—"My son, I was just thinking how our little group of three generations so strongly demonstrates and illustrates my theory of the **transmission of health** from mother to child, and what can be more striking than the fact that my vigorous health is reproduced in your darling children."

The normal life, well-being, and happiness of mankind depend upon the physical health and perfection of **Woman.**

Thousands of women in all parts of the civilized world cherish grateful remembrance of the Vegetable Compound, and daily bless its discoverer.

Send stamp for "Guide to Health," a beautiful illustrated book.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Is the only **Positive Cure and Legitimate Remedy** for the peculiar weaknesses and ailments of women.

It cures the worst forms of Female Complaints, that Bearing-down Feeling, Weak Back, Falling and Displacements of the Womb, Inflammation, Ovarian Troubles, and all Organic Diseases of the Uterus or Womb, and is invaluable to the Change of Life. Dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus at an early stage, and checks any tendency to Cancerous Humor. Subdues Faintness, Excitability, Nervous Prostration, Exhaustion and strengthens and tones the Stomach. Cures Headache, General Debility, Indigestion, etc., and invigorates the whole system. For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex **the Compound has no rival.**

All Druggists sell it as a **standard article,** or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of **$1.00** LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

WE ARE NOW READY

TO SERVE YOU WITH

The Choicest Line

AND

Very Latest Styles

OF

FALL COATS AND OVERCOATS

FOR EITHER MEN OR BOYS.

We are Headquarters For Fine Clothing. Our Stock is the Largest in the State and our Prices the Lowest in New England.

A Square Deal to Everybody as Every Garment is Marked in Plain Figures at

J. WATERMAN'S

Boss Strictly One-Price Clothing House,

73, 75 and 77 Exchange Street, Bangor,

sep13

BEECHAM'S PILLS

PAINLESS. EFFECTUAL.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.

For BILIOUS & NERVOUS DISORDERS

Such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Fullness and Swelling after Meals, Dizziness, and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c.

THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES.

BEECHAM'S PILLS TAKEN AS DIRECTED RESTORE FEMALES TO COMPLETE HEALTH.

For Sick Headache, Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Constipation, Disordered Liver, etc.,

[illegible]

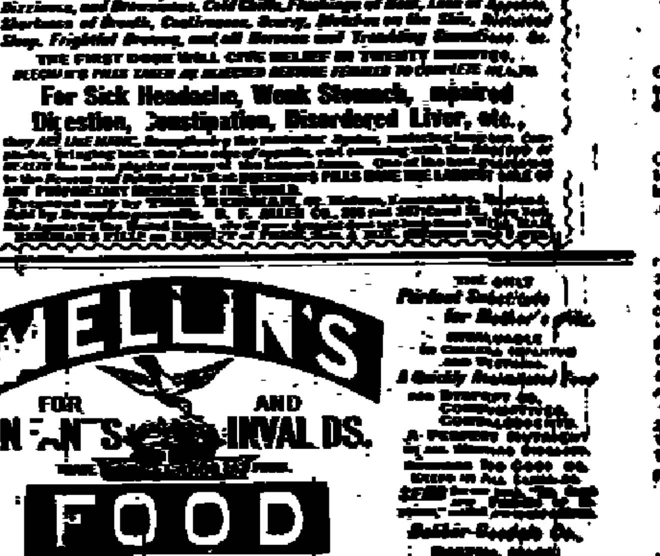
MELLIN'S FOOD

FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

THE ONLY Perfect Substitute for Mother's Milk.

[illegible]

Doliber-Goodale Co., Boston, Mass.



Bright eyes and dull; near sighted; far sighted; anybody (except those who won't, and they are worse than blind) can see at a glance the advantages gained by using PEARLINE. We do not expect everyone will see it, but millions do, and the number increases every day.

Delicate women and strong, wonder at the amount of work they can do with the aid of PEARLINE—the time saved; the satisfactory results, and when they have used it for years they realize that everything that is washed or cleaned with PEARLINE lasts longer. This is very simple—PEARLINE does away with *most of the rubbing—the greatest wear and tear that clothes are* subjected to is the repeated rubbings necessary to keep them clean with ordinary soap. Your own interests should lead you to use it, if you do your own work and value your fine linens and flannels; the latter reason should surely convince any bright woman that it is to her interest to see that her servants use it. PEARLINE makes a saving all around.

Beware Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers are offering imitations which they claim to be Pearline, or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—they are not. JAMES PYLE, New York.

Not McKinleyed Yet.

We refer to the price on our fine lay out of

Men's Creedmore Shoes,

for it remains at that low point it had reached with us ere McKinley [illegible]

19 West Market Sq

Whig and Courier.

[illegible]

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

[illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

[illegible]

Entered at the Post Office as Second-Class Matter.

FOR LATEST DESPATCHES SEE THIRD PAGE.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM BIDDEFORD.

A Youthful Burglar Arraigned.

BIDDEFORD, Oct. 28. Adelor Rousain, aged 15, was arraigned in the Biddeford Municipal Court today on charge of breaking and entering Frank Clements' store Friday night. He pleaded guilty and was bound over to the January term of the Supreme Court. Bail was furnished.

PENSIONS GRANTED.

Additional to Residents of Maine.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28. The following pensions have been granted to residents of Maine:

Original—Geo. N. Guppy, South Berwick. Increase—W. H. Barbour, Caribou; Erastus Thurlow, Mechanics' Falls; Isaac B. King, Lisbon Falls; Eben B. Moore, Bucksport; John W. Waterbury, Randolph; Joseph Hatch, North Lincoln; Edmund Stevens, Belfast; Charles H. Thomas, Farmington Falls; Thos. E. Dodge, Jonesport; James Smith, South Parsonsfield; Hudson Oakes, Foxcroft; A. G. Streeter, South Fairbanks; Calvin Douglass, Old Town; Wm. S. Rogers, Carmel; O. B. Perry, Richmond; Jno. Thompson, North Searsmont; Jno. W. Carville, New Portland; minors of James L. Dole, Gardiner.

FROM ROCKLAND.

A Fine Vessel Launched.

ROCKLAND, Oct. 28. Gilchrist launched to-day a large four-masted schooner of 1,050 tons, to be commanded by Captain A. A. Campbell.

FROM MACHIAS.

A Barkentine Launched.

MACHIAS, Oct. 28. There was launched this forenoon from the yard of John Shaw the barkentine Eleanor M. Williams, of 717 tons, owned in Machias and New York.

MASSACHUSETTS.

A Mother-in-Law Fined.

LOWELL, Oct. 28. Lawyer D. O. O'Connell sued his mother-in-law for assaulting him with a chair and beating the dog on him. She was fined $1.

[illegible]

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 28. John T. Crotea was to-day sentenced to five years in State prison for assault with intent to kill upon Frank H. Martin, of Westboro, last August.

[illegible]

LOWELL, Mass., Oct. 28. In the Superior Court to-day Timothy Donovan, for breaking and entering at West Somerville, was given eighteen months in the house of correction.

In the case of Philip P. Ryan and Joseph P. Perry, of Boston, for entering the Central Square station at Woburn, Perry was sentenced to two years in the house of correction and Ryan was held for sentence.

Thomas H. Schofield, for adultery, was given one year in the house of correction; William Carey, of Natick, eighteen months; William Wright, of Medford, not guilty of polygamy, discharged.

HELD UP A POLICEMAN.

[illegible]

CHICAGO, Oct. 28. Sunday night at midnight Officer Mahoney came upon two highwaymen in the act of robbing a young woman. He started to arrest the robbers, but was ordered by them to hold up his hands while they took from him his star, watch, club, revolver and a small amount of change, after which they let him at liberty. They escaped.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

The Edinburg Exhibition.

BOSTON, Oct. 28. The financial report of the exhibition recently held in Edinburg shows a deficit of £10,000. The affairs of the exhibition were placed in liquidation.

ILLINOIS.

No Settlement Effected.

CHICAGO, Oct. 28. As far as learned to-day nothing has been done toward settling the differences between the Union Pacific railroad and its Chicago connections and the outlook is still for a severance of the relations between them at the time fixed, Nov. 1.

INDIANS CONVICTED

of the Murder of Prospectors.

HELENA, Mont., Oct. 28. Two of the four Flat Head Indians on trial in Missoula for the murder of three white prospectors, were convicted and sentenced to be hanged December 19. The other two Indians will be tried immediately.

NOTORIOUS THIEF

Arrested by United States Officers.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 28. Lee Allen, the leader of the most notorious band of horse and cattle thieves in Indian Territory, was arrested Monday by United States officers in the Comanche country.

AGENT MISSING.

His Accounts Show a Shortage.

NORWALK, Conn., Oct. 28. Charles E. Otis, general freight agent of the Housatonic Railroad Company, and of the New York and New England Terminal Company, is missing and it is alleged that his accounts show a shortage of $4,000.

TEXAS.

Jealousy Causes a Tragedy.

AUSTIN, Oct. 28. Wm. Darnwell, formerly on the police force here, yesterday shot Maggie Hunt and then himself. Jealousy caused the shooting. Darnwell is dead, but the woman will recover.

IOWA.

A Fatal Murder.

FORT MADISON, Oct. 28. Wm. Watson, a Santa Fe section man, was found murdered Monday. Two drunken suspected finding the body and then the [illegible]

[illegible]

STEAMER COLLAPSED.

The Alexander Swift Breaks in Two—All on Board Escape.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 28. The steamboat Alexander Swift collapsed near Glenwood, Pa., on the Monongahela river, at an early hour this morning. All on board escaped. The steamer was heavily laden and broke in two. She was valued at $20,000.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Suicide of the Janitor of a School Building.

GREAT FALLS, N. H., Oct. 28. Enoch B. Neal, janitor of the school buildings in this town, hanged himself in the cellar of the Orange street school house yesterday. He left a letter, asking his son George to be good to his sister and look to the Almighty in case of trouble. "God only knows how I have suffered," he says. He leaves two children and a divorced wife. He was a well known citizen, temperate and industrious. It is thought he was temporarily insane.

Death of Well Known Man.

LACONIA, N. H., Oct. 28. E. B. Breman, a well known paper box manufacturer and Laconia's oldest business man, died last night from injuries received in a runaway accident about ten days ago. He was a veteran of the Seventh New Hampshire Volunteers and a member of Pilgrim Commandery, Knights Templar. He leaves a widow and family. He was aged 75 years.

OPERATORS DISCHARGED

For Connection with the Brotherhood.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 28. The Western Union Telegraph Company yesterday discharged four experienced telegraphers because of their prominent connection with the Telegraphers' Brotherhood.

MISSOURI.

Promiscuous Shooting by an Insane Man.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 28. Louis Rittenhouse, aged 25, while insane yesterday, fatally shot Louis Talbot in the latter's barn. He then went home and shot his brother in the arm and shoulder and was preparing to shoot his father, but before he could pull the trigger his father struck him on the head with a hoe, fatally injuring him.

TRAGEDY IN NEW YORK.

Man Found Unconscious in a Hallway.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28. This morning Edward Kelley was found unconscious in the hallway of his home on West Sixteenth street. He had been shot in the side by his father-in-law, Thomas Caffrey, who lives in the same house. Last night Caffrey found Kelley beating his wife. The old man put Kelley out of the house and took his daughter to his own rooms. About midnight Caffrey discovered Kelley trying to enter his rooms by a window when he seized a revolver and shot him. Caffrey was arrested.

NEW YORK.

Death of Gen. Roberts.

BROOKLYN, Oct. 28. General Stephen H. Roberts, of this city, died Monday night, aged 73. He served in the Indian and Mexican wars and during the late rebellion. He was appointed postmaster of Brooklyn by President Lincoln.

TENNESSEE.

A Fall of Snow.

KNOXVILLE, Oct. 28. A considerable quantity of snow fell in the mountains Monday. This is two or three weeks earlier than usual for snow to fall there.

MACARONI PARTY.

The Pistol and Stiletto Used.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28. There was a lively pistol and stiletto party on Mulberry street, last night. James Corporoli was shot twice and Joseph Ferapo stabbed twice in the head. The assailants were arrested.

INDIAN DEPREDATIONS.

Immediate Action for Protection Urged.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 28. Gov. Cooper has telegraphed President Harrison the necessity of immediate action to protect the citizens and property of Routt county, in this State, against the depredations of the Ute Indians. Gov. Cooper notified the Interior Department of the situation about ten days ago, but no action was taken.

KILLED BY A TRAIN.

An Express Train Strikes Into a Party on a Bridge.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 28. One of the express trains over the Shore Line division of the New York and New Haven road struck a party of men at work on a bridge near Lyme this noon and two of the civil engineers in the employ of the road were killed.

FOREIGN NEWS.

A Threatened Strike.

LONDON, Oct. 28. The associated steamship owners of Liverpool, who employ a number of non-union laborers, have been warned by the dock laborers' union that unless the non-unionists are discharged a strike will be inaugurated. The shipping federation offers to supply the associated steamship owners with a full force of non-union men if the Liverpool owners will join the shipping federation.

A Fatal Duel.

PARIS, Oct. 28. Allard, the journalist, was shot in the stomach in a duel last Saturday at Tours and has died from the wound.

Fresh Trouble.

BERNE, Oct. 28. Troubles between Liberals and Conservatives of the canton of Tyrol have broken out afresh and disorders have occurred. Another battalion of troops has been dispatched to the canton to assist in restoring order.

Clash of Arms.

ROME, Oct. 28. A report was received here from Lugano, one of the Canton of Tessin, stating that fighting occurred today between the troops and liberals and some blood had been shed.

King in Bad Shape.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 28. At to-day's session of the Dutch Parliament the Minister of Colonies announced that the King's health is such that he is incapacitated for performing the duties of the government and he therefore asked Parliament to make the declaration that the constitution prescribes. Both chambers will reassemble to-morrow, when a decision in the matter will be announced.

A CROWNING GLORY.

Tourists in Europe love to visit the homes of Shakespeare, Milton and Burns and others who have reputations. A good reputation is mightier than the sword, pen or money king, and its halo permeates the dark corners and adulteration and imitation exposing them. On its reputation, born of effectiveness, Brussels soap will live for all time and flourish like the great bay tree. Fixed is the reputation of Brussels soap!

ASK YOUR FRIENDS ABOUT IT.

Your distressing cough can be cured. We know it because Kemp's Balsam within the past few years has cured so many coughs and colds in this community. Its remarkable sale has been won entirely by its genuine merit. Ask some friend who has used it what he thinks of Kemp's Balsam. [illegible]

BREWER LOCALS.

Mrs. Dr. Wheeler, of Camden, is the guest of Dr. L. H. Wheeler in South Brewer.

Rev. S. B. Merrill has returned from a brief trip to Medway, where he went to give County Missionary S. D. Towne some assistance in his work.

E. & I. K. Stetson, at their upper ice houses, are making a steady advance on their new elevator, which they are obliged to have finished for the business of housing ice the coming winter.

The bridge over Washing brook opposite the Dirigo mill is being raised about a foot to allow the water during the spring freshets a clear passageway instead of flooding the road, as it has done in the past.

The Street Commissioner, in compliance with an order from the City Government, yesterday went down to South Brewer and laid out Patten court just below A. H. Mann & Sons' store, to accommodate the new houses which have recently been built some distance back in the fields.

The steamer Bon Ton has been made much more comfortable by having the front curtains put on, with a window in front for the captain to look out of, thus keeping out a great deal of cold weather and protecting the sides and ends all the distance around with the exception of the gangways, which have to be left open for convenience.

A number of the members of Garfield Lodge, I. O. O. F., of this city, upon invitation of Triumph Lodge, of Hermon, drove to the latter place in teams last evening to attend an oyster and pastry supper, followed by an entertainment and dance, given by Triumph Lodge. A very pleasant time was anticipated.

Schooner Mary Stewart, which has been receiving some repairs at Stetson's marine railway, is expected to be launched this afternoon. The additional mast for the new barkentine, which has not arrived on account of the rough weather, is expected every day, and the launching will probably occur about the tenth of next month.

Mr. G. W. Geehan, of Green Lake, has just returned from a very successful hunting trip "down east," in the vicinity of Fredericton Junction. On one day he shot a deer and seven hedgehogs and on the next a deer and two hedgehogs. On the whole he feels that he had a very successful trip and found the large game very plenty, following a large moose one whole day without getting him and seeing a great many deer.

Dr. H. F. Tefft and wife were expected to return last night or this morning from East Poland, where they have been to attend the funeral of their son-in-law, Mr. Walter Chase, whose death occurred last Saturday after a severe illness, Mrs. Tefft going there about a month before his death and remaining until after it occurred. Mrs. Chase and her parents will have the sympathy of a host of friends in this city and Bangor in their bereavement.

We were shown yesterday by Capt. John Gilmore, an interesting memento of the war and one which he values very highly. After the surrender of Port Hudson, in '63, the troops were taken up the Mississippi in a transport and from thence the remainder of their journey overland. On the way up the river Capt. Gilmore invested in a map of the Mississippi which is called a "Panorama of the Mississippi Valley and Fortifications," which gives an excellent idea of the crooked nature of the river and the works of defense along its shores.

SIGNS OF WINTER. Loads of boughs for house-banking purposes, for sale. —Some of our "early bird" citizens banking their houses and putting on the outside windows.—The activity of the plumbers in putting in large furnaces in place of smaller ones, new ones in new houses and steam and hot water heating apparatus. —The increasing demand for wood and coal, also the ever-increasing sale of thick winter clothing, mittens and gloves. All these things, and our citizens around with their coats buttoned close up to their throats point out to us that one of our northern winters will soon be with us, and we are warned to see that we are prepared for the rigor of winter.

Brewer's new street lights, or at least four of them, were turned on for the first time last evening and the expressions of satisfaction from the citizens were many when they saw the improvement which they made. The four which were turned on last night were at Holyoke Square, corner of Center and Jordan streets, near Chamberlain on Main street, and on the corner of State and Washington streets. The other lights are expected to be in working order by to-night. A new arrangement of hanging the lights in the squares is suspension from wires stretched across from tall poles at opposite points of the square and the wires are run through blocks so that the lamp can be drawn to the pole for trimming. The are well up and throw light a long distance.

Business Items.

HE PRAISES KEMP'S BALSAM.

I pull "Duke Kemp's Balsam, the best cough cure." I always do when I hear a man cough, and I can't help it. It cured me and it will cure you. I was threatened with pneumonia last winter and it broke it up. It helps the children out when their throats are sore, cures their coughs, (and (saves so good. The first dose helps you. So writes A. B. Arnold, engineer on the West Shore Ry., at Canajoharie, N. Y. dawtfeb.5

PERSONAL LIBERTY vs. PHYSICAL SLAVERY.

We are all free American citizens, enjoying our personal liberty; but most of us are in physical slavery, suffering from scrofula, salt rheum or some other form of impure blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great blood purifier which dissolves the bonds of disease, gives health and perfect physical liberty.

The most obstinate cases of catarrh are cured by the use of Ely's Cream Balm, the only agreeable remedy. It is not a liquid or snuff, is easily applied into the nostrils. For cold in the head it is magical. It gives relief at once. Price 50 cents. oct1 TThSw&w

For a disordered liver try Beecham's Pills. d&wly 2

[illegible]

MAINE'S VAST RESOURCES.

Address of Hon. William Freeman, Before the Farmers' National Congress at Council Bluffs, Iowa.

Modesty Presentation of Maine's Resources, Advantages and Business Opportunities.

Below we publish an abstract of the admirable address delivered at the session of the Farmers' National Congress, Council Bluffs, Iowa, August 28, 1890, by Hon. Wm. Freeman, of Cherryfield:

At the last session of this congress held in Montgomery, in 1889, there was placed upon the desks of some of its members, a slip of paper purporting to be printed in Chicago, which among other things informed us that the East—that New England, did not produce upon her farms only sufficient to "last her population seventeen days"—just "seventeen days" and no more. The writer did not state from what source he obtained his knowledge.

It will be my province and pleasure to undeceive those (if any such there are) who entertain such an erroneous opinion of the agricultural products and resources of the East, by facts and figures that will give a better and truer knowledge of her vast productions when taken in the aggregate, and particularly of Maine, which has never been considered an agricultural State.

In order that this congress may act understandingly and wisely, upon all the varied questions, and interests which may, and will, from time to time, be presented for its consideration; it is necessary that it should be made acquainted, so far as practicable, with every agricultural product, and every interest for which it is organized, to promote and protect, in every section of this great Union, however remote, or however adverse or conflicting they may be. Knowing the agricultural needs of every portion of our country, it will be in the power of this united body to aid and afford that protection, by strong and united efforts which representatives from single states could not accomplish.

It should go farther, this congress, in order to act intelligently for the interest of agriculture in all its branches, and in every section of our wide, extended territory, should possess a general knowledge of every industry which draws its life blood from it, and what industry, among the tens of thousands that are carried on in this country, is not dependent upon agriculture? It is an industry upon which all others are founded; and without which no other industry could possibly exist: Cripple the hands of the husbandman by enacting laws which bear heavily upon what he produces, and it not only affects him, but all other industries suffer in some degree. If manufactures and other industries languish and are unable to sustain themselves and are forced to suspend operations from whatever cause, the farmer feels a corresponding depression and his business suffers. All trades, business and occupations, are intimately connected with and dependent upon it for prosperity, for advancement, and for protection. But the fact is patent that none of these can live and prosper unless it draws its life from the heart of agriculture.

Agricultural science has made most wonderful progress during the past twenty years. It it requires skill, learning and experience equal to any of the so-called learned professions, why is it not now or *fast becoming one of the learned professions?* None command more talent or greater judgment and sound common sense to carry it on successfully, and understand its principles. No calling is more honorable, and in its ranks are found many men of great ability and learning, and of national fame.

We do not need to inquire what class of men, properly organized, united and directed, would wield the most political power, and have the most influence in shaping the affairs of this republic, when we consider that two-thirds of the population of the United States are either wholly engaged in agricultural pursuits or indirectly interested in them. If ballots are engines of power it behooves our rulers to consult the interests and wishes of that mighty body of men upon whose prosperity and independence they are too dependent not to listen with respectful attention, and to take heed to their interests and reasonable demands.

It is true that there is not so large a proportion of the population in the East engaged in agricultural pursuits as in the far West, or at the South, yet in New England, which is honey-combed with manufacturing and other establishments and industries, where almost every conceivable article which can be made from iron and steel, cotton and wool, from wood, paper, clay and straw, from glass, from gold and silver, and from almost every other metal and thing is wrought, yet her agricultural interests form no insignificant part of her wonderful industries. Even Maine, the extreme eastern State of the Union, which a distinguished gentleman from Ohio had occasion to say was buried up in ice most of the year, and which some believe is only famous for its congealed water, has become noted for some of her agricultural products.

The whole number of farms in New England in 1880 were 207,232. As a rule they were unencumbered and operated by their owners. No unpaid mortgages were upon them. Of this number Maine had 64,309 farms, valued at $102,357,615; of these 61,[illegible] were cultivated by their owners. About one-third of the acreage of the State is included in her farms. Over one-half of the increase in population between 1870 and 1880 were farmers or agricultural laborers.

New England, and especially Maine, has superior grazing lands and as a consequence superior butter and cheese are manufactured in all of them. The value of the live stock in 1880 was $[illegible] and in Maine alone $[illegible]. While large quantities of beef are brought into the eastern States from the West, Maine has annually sent droves of cattle and sheep into Massachusetts and other States for sale. New England produced in 1880, [illegible] pounds of butter and cheese. Of this Maine's share was 15,371,[illegible] pounds. About 24 pounds to every inhabitant, including infants.

New England raised in 1880, 4,079,[illegible] tons of hay valued at about $[illegible]. Maine's part of this was 1,107,[illegible] tons, valued at about $[illegible]. She not only raised all that she needed for her own consumption, but found markets for her surplus hay in other states, even as far south as New Orleans, and no better quality of hay can be produced in the world. The East does not boast of its countless flocks of sheep, but the census of 1880 shows a product of 6,985,011 pounds of wool, of which Maine supplied 2,776,407 pounds. It is a small industry compared with many others for which she is noted. The Island mutton of Maine has long been famous among epicures for its superior flavor and quality. The estimated value of farm produce in Maine alone was $21,945,489.

The potatoe crop of New England by the tenth census reached 23,058,089 bushels. Maine's part was 7,099,625 bushels. In one county of Maine, Aroostook, 2,248,594 bushels of potatoes were raised. In 1875 there was but one starch factory in the State. In 1885 there were thirty-two starch factories in the county of Aroostook alone, which consumed 1,750,000 bushels of potatoes making annually 7,000 tons of starch. One factory alone converted 160,000 bushels of potatoes into 500 tons of starch.

Would you expect the ice and rock bound coast of New England to be par excellence a land of fruits and flowers, both wild and cultivated? There is no better section of the United States in which to cultivate most kinds of orchard fruits than New England, and the quality is equal to that of any other section of the country, and superior in flavor to some grown in warmer latitudes, which, though of good quality, are chiefly remarkable for their mammoth size and beauty. The value of the orchard product of New England in the tenth decade was $[illegible]. Of this Maine had $1,113,[illegible]. This does not include small fruits. While finding markets in other states for her apples, chiefly, she has sent many cargoes across the Atlantic, where they are prized for their good and keeping qualities. Apples are also sent to Massachusetts from Kennebec and other counties.

The small fruits of New England form an important branch of industry to her people. There, perhaps, is not a State in the Union where wild fruits grow more luxuriantly, in greater abundance, or of better quality than in Maine, and they are within the reach of the poorest of the laboring class and are sources of traffic and profit to her citizens.

We call your attention to one small fruit, the blueberry, you may say an insignificant one. We select this because we have never seen any mention made of it as a special industry, and also to illustrate some of the needs of the East and the workings of our laws. Blueberries are now canned all over the State of Maine. Within a comparative few years it has become one of its important canning industries and factories have been established solely to pack them. In Washington county, the extreme eastern county of Maine, which borders on the St. Croix river and which first receives the light and warmth of the rising sun, 32,000 cases of blueberries of twenty-four cans in a case, were canned in that one county alone in 1888, making 768,000 quarts, and more than twice that number are consumed by the inhabitants and marketed fresh. Those canned are sent all over the country and across the continent and Atlantic ocean. The business is now becoming systematized. Large tracts of blueberry territory, in some instances covering many thousands of acres, are controlled by individuals under lease, who every two or three years renew the crop by the torch, alternately burning a portion of the ground in the early spring when no damage can be done.

But there is a great drawback even to this industry. We are the next door neighbors, as before stated, to the British provinces, and blueberries are canned there and brought into our markets and sold at much less price than it costs our canning establishments to pack them, for the very reason that those who gather them in Maine cannot afford to do so for one cent or one and one-half cents per quart as we are informed is paid in the provinces for the same kind and quality of berry. We pay our people better prices and the consequence was, the pack was cut short the past year because it would not pay to can the fruit, and thousands of poor people were for a time deprived of their accustomed source of living at a season when they could get no other occupation, and many who packed them lost money because they could not compete with their provincial neighbors. The same causes operate to affect unfavorably other agricultural interests, and other industries in all the eastern states, and particularly in Maine, where her farmers come in competition with her provincial neighbors, and how in their reciprocity treaties with this country she pulled the wool over the eyes of our astute politicians by their superior statesmanship, as they claim, and in Maine they think it was about true.

Maine according to the census of 1880, raised 2,265,575 bushels of oats, 665,714 bushels of wheat, 960,633 bushels of corn; of other grain crops—buckwheat, barley and rye she raised 631,284 bushels. Although she in her grain product does not compare with the western states, her farmers can market all the grain and receive, in price, often three times as much per bushel for what they raise as the record will show. The present census will show a gain in all grains but corn, if we are rightly informed.

Maine has but one county, Aroostook, which can be strictly called an agricultural county. Extending across the northern border of the State, it has an area considerably larger than the State of Massachusetts, possessing a climate and soil adapted to the cultivation of most grain crops. Though her winters are long, and her growing season short, her crops mature rapidly and never fail to yield abundant returns for the care bestowed upon her soil. In 1830 she had a population of only 2,300. In 1880 she had increased in population from 2,300 to 41,700, with a valuation $7,[illegible], and the present census will show a greater increase in wealth and population as well as in farming products.

Maine could supply herself with what she needs from Aroostook county alone, were her resources fully developed, and New England does supply herself almost wholly with garden vegetables; she gathers her chief importance and her wealth and distinction from the vast number of other industries which employ so large a proportion of her population, and which enables the farmer to find a market for his products, and which draw from the great West vast quantities of grain to help sustain them, and from the South the products peculiar to her soil and climate. Among these we count her numerous lumber mills and wonderful variety of articles which are wrought from all kinds of wood, from all kinds of machinery, and cunning devices, born of the fertile brain of the Yankee; her cotton and woolen manufactures which produce the almost innumerable articles of wear, and other things made from them, so essential to our comfort, health, taste and luxury.

Her tanneries, her boot and shoe industries, which bring music from the lapstone; her foundries and machine shops and rich works of all kinds, where is constantly heard the clang of steel.

[Concluded on Fourth Page.]

Scrofula

Is the most ancient and most general of all diseases. Scarcely a family is entirely free from it, while thousands everywhere are its suffering slaves. Hood's Sarsaparilla has had remarkable success in curing every form of scrofula. The most severe and painful running sores, swellings in the neck or goitre, humor in the eyes, causing partial or total blindness yield to the powerful effects of this medicine.

The Worst Type.

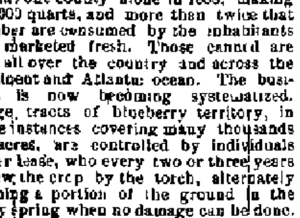
"My son was afflicted with the worst type of scrofula, and on the recommendation of my druggist I gave him Hood's Sarsaparilla. Today he is sound and well, notwithstanding it was said there was not enough medicine in Illinois to effect a cure." J. CHRISTIAN, Illipolis, Ill. Be sure to get

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

oct23 d&w4w



MAKE IT A POINT TO SEE THE EXHIBIT OF

BARBOUR'S IRISH FLAX THREADS

AT THE BOSTON MECHANICS EXHIBITION.

BARBOUR'S THREADS are POPULAR ALIKE IN THE FAMILY AND WORKSHOP.

In all sizes and colors for HAND AND MACHINE USE.

ESTABLISHED 1784.

Ladies will be interested in the A. I. Embroidery and Needlework Threads.

THE BOSTON DAILY ADVERTISER says: "For completeness in detail and tasteful arrangement this Exhibit cannot be surpassed by any in the large halls."

THE STANDARD FOR HOME USE BARBOUR'S 3 CORD LINEN THREADS

Call for them. For Sale Everywhere.

BOSTON OFFICE, 61 LINCOLN STREET.

oct2t 1m

SCOTT'S EMULSION DOES CURE CONSUMPTION In its First Stages.

Be sure you get the genuine.

SMOKE McCOY & CO.'S DELIVERY CIGARS.

ABERCROMBIE & CO., N. E. AGENTS, *109 Devonshire St., Boston.*

For sale at all the dealers. oct18

3 Pommery Cigars, *And Possibly* **A Cold Watch** —FOR— **25 CENTS.** Call and See. **TEA WHITE.**

Even at This Early Date

when the immaculate clouds of October drift like thistle down across the liquid blue, people are beginning to wonder what they will buy for a Christmas present. To our mind a Photograph will best fill the bill.

Photographer. Bangor, 2 Smith Block.

N. B. Studio lately refitted and refurnished throughout. oct11 nwr

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING. EPPS'S COCOA BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half pound tins, by Grocers, labeled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England. feb26 TuW&wly

Kettle Rendered Lard, Strictly Pure, —AT— **CHAS. YORK & CO.'S.**

BILL HEADS, Statements, Note Heads, Envelopes, Tags, Checks, Receipts, etc., printed at reasonable prices at the Whig and Courier Job Office. B. A. BURR.

MAPLE SYRUP *From Stetson Sealed Up in Orchard While Hot.*

Of all Grades Cheap for Cash.

THOMPSON & KELLOGG, 14 and 16 Central Street. oct25

We shall cut a very fine Saddle of **VENISON** To-day. Veal, Southdown Lambs, Partridges, Ducks, and Roasting Chickens, —AT— **NEWHALL'S MARKET,** 122 and 124 Exchange Street. oct18

WOOD! BIRCH and MAPLE, For open fire. Dry Birch Edgings, Hard Wood Hearts, Baled Shavings. All Kinds of Hard Wood $1.00 a load. **J. W. HARRIMAN,** Franklin Street. oct1

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Whig and Courier.

SOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, Editor.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed: "Editor of Whig and Courier."

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1890.

The Democratic papers in Boston are having a hard time in defending Congressman Andrews' record. The difficulty of the job is manifested in the temper displayed.

It is a singular fact that in the Democratic campaign in Massachusetts the papers are devoting their entire space almost to the Mugwump candidates. One would hardly know from an examination of said papers that Congressman O'Neil is a candidate for re-election. It is not to be wondered at that an old line Democrat wanted to know when his party intended to make nominations.

Gov. Hill says Maj. McKinley is beaten. All the same, the excitement continues in Canton and vicinity.—*Boston Herald.*

Here is another instance where the free trade editor is contradicted by the news columns of his own paper. A special despatch from New York printed in the *Herald* Monday said that Gov. Hill declined to make any prediction as to the result of the election in Major McKinley's district. It is a small matter, but it serves the purpose of illustrating the utter unreliability of the *Herald's* editorial comment.

The Boston *Herald* thinks it a manifestation of "partisan credulity" to accept the statement of the Boston firm announcing an annual saving to their customers of \$150,000 under the new tariff, and says this only covered the goods in their line. The goods in "their line" represent a very important item to the people, but suppose we take another line of goods. In the same edition of the *Herald* there appears an advertisement containing the following announcement:

Thomas J. Gargan said at Tremont Temple last week: "The cost of making a coat such as a workingman wears, will be \$3.60 more than it was before the McKinley bill passed." We offer 1,000 good, substantial workingmen's coats, at \$1.50 each; 1,000 men's strong, warm overcoats, at \$3.00 each.

Here we have another Democratic lie nailed. Is it "partisan credulity" to accept these figures printed in big type in the *Herald's* advertising columns?

The Nickel Ore Resolution.

The Boston *Globe* publishes a resume of the Chicago *News'* sensation to the effect that the appropriation of \$1,000,000 for the purchase by the Secretary of the Navy of nickel plate for armor construction, was the result of a "deal" with the Standard Oil Company which it alleges was behind the bill. The charge is so ridiculously false that it is hardly deserving of serious consideration. The resolution was introduced in the House September 25, by Mr. Boutelle Chairman of the Naval Committee, at the request of Secretary Tracy. It was immediately following the remarkable armor tests at Annapolis, the object being to enable the Secretary of the Navy to secure a supply of nickel to be utilized in the manufacture of armor for our new war ships. The resolution came to the House bearing the unanimous approval of the Committee on Naval Affairs. It could only be taken up and passed by unanimous consent. Mr. Boutelle in a brief speech explained the purpose of the resolution and it passed the House without a single objection, a fact particularly significant as demonstrating the clear appreciation of the importance of the measure because it came before the House right after the memorable contest in which party feeling was at fever heat. The resolution was sent to the Senate and was unanimously reported from the Committee on Naval Affairs. It was called up by Mr. Hale, discussed at some length, went over for a day and then passed without objection. In the discussion the resolution was favored by Mr. Gray, the Democratic Senator from Maryland, who said:

"The nickel which is purchased by the Secretary, I am sure, will be purchased in such fashion and on such terms that there will be no loss to the United States."

The whole matter is left discretionary with the Secretary of the Navy of whom the same Democratic Senator said:

"I think, of all the eminent Secretaries who have preceded the present incumbent of that office, none has better assured the people of the United States of the honesty and integrity and intelligence with which the Department is administered than the present head of the Department, and I for one am perfectly willing to trust him on these exceptional grounds with this discretion in regard to the purchase of nickel."

This is brief is the history of the resolution and the silly twaddle in the Chicago *News* that the Congress of the United States and the Secretary of the Navy has entered into a "deal" with the Standard Oil Company, of which no one had a thought in connection with the matter until this ridiculous sensation was exploited, will not exercise a feather's weight upon the public mind.

Speaker Reed in the West.

The Chicago *Inter-Ocean* relates the following incident in connection with Speaker Reed's visit to that city: He came just as plain Tom Reed would have come before he was elevated to the rank of "Czar" by the Democratic editors of the country. He carried his own grip as he left the train and thought it no offence to his official dignity for other passengers to crowd him in the rush of departure.

As he stood on the platform at the Wisconsin Central Depot he was the best natured and least concerned of the passengers. No one suspected him of being a poor and penniless czar, but no one knew that Mr. Reed had lost his money as he took the train at Waterloo, Iowa, Thursday night. He did not charge it to pickpockets, but regarded the incident as one of those mistakes when a man thinks he puts his money in his vest pocket and drops it.

He discovered the mistake when he met the Pullman conductor and offered to exchange a \$5 bill for a berth. He couldn't find any money in his pocket, and a Pullman conductor is not a good man on whom to practice with sight drafts or bank checks. There are not vegetable with the despots who rules over the Pullman section of the railroad train. Mr. Reed realizes this and stood quietly in the car employing both hands in a systematic exploration of his pockets in search of the missing roll. He was not satisfied with once going over the ground. He began with the vest pockets and came back to them several times in succession, and at the beginning of each turn the smile on his face "grandened" as he realized that he was in a "sleeping car without money."

How could some a czar [illegible] the condition of a poor [illegible] He might as well stay [illegible] throw it ... [illegible] a Democratic editor would hear a czar who had lost his purse.

The Speaker of the greatest parliamentary body in the world laughed as he admitted that he found himself in the condition of the man who was offered the State of Texas for a pair of boots, but hadn't the boots.

It was a financial problem that he had not considered in any of his speeches on the tariff and other economic subjects and he admitted that a deficit was more difficult to handle than a surplus. For once he wished himself a Democrat just to know what to do under the circumstances, as the Democratic party has had experience in deficits and are always growling about the surplus.

An acquaintance who had been watching this little comedy laughed too as he offered to act as banker, and Mr. Reed came to Chicago a penniless czar.

Mr. Reed is an excellent traveler. He does not show the fatigue of his Western tour, which has been one that would be impossible to most men. Three weeks ago he left Maine to visit some of the close districts and help Republicans to return their Congressmen. Through Connecticut, New York and Pennsylvania he made speeches, and last week reached Ohio, where he was to make three speeches in McKinley's district. Instead of three speeches he delivered eight in that district and last Monday he was billed for a speech at Logansport. Instead of one he delivered two, and Tuesday came into Illinois, beginning at Champaign. Instead of one speech for that day he delivered three and traveled 300 miles to make them.

He spoke for fifty minutes at Champaign, took a special train for Peoria as soon as the speech was finished, stopped at Bloomington for ten minutes and spoke for Congressman Rowell, and reached Peoria just in time to swallow a bite of supper and be driven to the hall, where he spoke for an hour to Congressman Post's constituents. He retired at eight and was up at 6 o'clock Wednesday morning to take the train for Burlington. At Galesburg and Galesburg he stopped and made hurried speeches, reached Burlington at 12, and made a speech in the afternoon and another in the evening.

Thursday morning he had to leave Burlington at 5 o'clock, and while other passengers breakfasted at Cedar Rapids, Speaker Reed was compelled to speak to 1,000 people who had gathered at the depot to see and hear him. He was obliged to eat his breakfast on the train, where it had been taken by the porter, and at the same time entertain the people who continually passed through the car to shake hands and talk with "the foremost man in America." At Waterloo he shook hands with the crowd until time to attend the meeting, for an hour in the open air returned to the hotel and again shook hands with people who could not be kept away, and in the evening made two speeches at two big meetings in different parts of the city.

Bangor Carpet Store.

ESTABLISHED 1851.

We shall open To-Day a large assortment of DOWN CUSHIONS and PILLOWS in Cambric, Chintz Silk and French Satteen.

We also cover them to order at short notice, (in our own workrooms) from our large stock of China Silks and Satteens. The quality is the best and we shall sell them at lower prices than you have had quoted in the larger cities. We are making additions daily to our stock of

CARPETS, ROOM PAPERS AND DRAPERIES,

and shall make no advance in prices during this month, but would advise all intending purchasers to make their selections at as early a date as possible, as we fully believe it will be for their interest to do so.

A. H. ROBERTS & SON,

10-7 MAIN STREET.

oct27 MWS

Taxes for 1890.

Collector's Notice.

The Assessors of the City of Bangor have committed to me the Tax Bills for the year 1890, under date of October 6th, 1890, and by a vote of the City Council I am authorized to make a

Discount of 5 Per Cent.

on all taxes of 1890, paid on or before

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 8th, 1890,

JOHN L. CROSBY, Collector.

Bangor, October 6th, 1890. oct8

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING

New Etchings and Pictures

Of all Kinds. Also

New and Beautiful Mouldings for Frames.

MARSTON & GORHAM,

NO. 3 STATE STREET.

[illegible]

MARRIED.

In this city, Oct. 27th, at Grace M. E. Church Parsonage, by Rev. F. C. Rogers, Mr. Edward J. Gibbs and Miss Helen A. Farley, both of Augusta.

In this city, Oct. 25th, at St. John's Catholic church, by Rev. Edward McSweeney, Miss Lottie F. Kearns and Mr. Michael Kane, both of this city.

In Presque Isle, Oct. 22d, Mr. Seth L. Snow and Miss Olivia A. Wallace, both of Mars Hill.

DIED.

In this city, Oct. 28th, Mrs. Augusta E., wife of Benj. Fredericksen, aged 36 years, 2 months and [illegible] days.

Funeral from her late residence on Second St. Wednesday at 2 P. M. Friends invited.

In this city, Oct. 27th, Michael Morey, aged 73 years.

Funeral from St. John's Catholic church, [illegible] Monday at 9 P. M.

In Pueblo, Colorado, June 19th, John W. Snow, formerly of Bangor, aged 46 years.

He served in the [illegible] Maine Battery during the war.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Monetary Quotations.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28. Money opened on call [illegible] closing at 4%.

Prime mercantile paper and [illegible]

Sterling Exchange ... [illegible]

Government bonds steady.

Railroad bonds steady.

STOCKS.			
Adams Express	147	Ont. & Western	[illegible]
American Express	114	Oregon Trans-Con	[illegible]
Central Pacific	30½	Pacific Mail	31⅞
Ches. & Ohio	19	Pullman Palace	195
Chicago Alton	121	Reading	37⅛
" preferred	600	Rock Island	75⅜
Chic. Bur. & Quincy	90⅛	St Louis & San Fran	22
Del. Hudson	137	Preferred	[illegible]
Del. Lack.	145	1st preferred	70
Den. & Rio Grande	17	St. Paul	57⅛
Erie	21⅛	Preferred	109⅛
" preferred	[illegible]	St Paul Minn & Man.	108
Ills. Central	[illegible]	St. Paul & Omaha	27
Ind. Bloom. & West	[illegible]	Preferred	82
Lake Erie & West.	14⅛	Texas Pacific	17⅛
Lake Shore	107½	Union Pacific	[illegible]
Louisville & Nash	77⅛	U. S. Express	65
Manhattan El.	104⅛	Wabash, St L & Pac.	11
Mich. Cent.	91	Preferred	20⅞
Minn. & S. L.	5	Western Union	81
Preferred	12⅛	BONDS.	
Mo. Pacific	68⅛	4s reg.	[illegible]
N. J. Cent.	10⅛	4s Coup.	[illegible]
Northern Pac.	28	4½s reg.	[illegible]
Preferred	71	4½s coup.	[illegible]
Northwestern	109⅞	Cent. Pac. lsts	110⅛
Preferred	138	Den. & Rio G lsts	118⅛
N. Y. Cent.	101⅛	Erie Seconds	98⅛
N. Y. Chic. & St. L.	14⅛	Kan. Pac. Consols	114⅛
Preferred	68⅛	Oregon Nav. lsts	109
Ohio & Miss.	21	Union Firsts	111⅛

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28. Flour—Sales 22,750—Low extras, 3.00a4.10; City Mill, 5.15a5.40; City Mill patents, 5.50a6.25; winter wheat, low grades, 2.90a[illegible]; fair to fancy 4.25a5.40; patents, 4.90a5.75; Minnesota clear, 4.50a5.25; do. straights, 4.60a5.60; do. patents, 5.25a6.00; do. rye mixtures, 4.25a4.90; superfine, 3.15a3.85; fine, 2.75a3.30. Southern flour steady—Common to fair extras, 3.25a4.00; good to choice, 4.05a5.60.

Rye flour steady—sales [illegible]—superfine, 3.40a3.60. Corn meal dull—sales [illegible] bbls—Yellow Western, 2.40a2.75; Brandywine, 2.75.

WHEAT — Exports, 8,000; sales [illegible]; No. 2 Red, 1.03a1.05½; elevator, 1.04a1.06½; No. 3 red, 1.00a1.01; No. 1 Northern, 1.10½a1.11; No. 1 hard, 1.13½a1.14.

CORN—sales 152,000—No. 2, 58½a59½; elevator, 59a59½; steamer mixed, [illegible]; No. 2 White, [illegible].

OATS — Receipts, 59,000; exports, 330; sales 145,000; No. 2, 47½a48; white, 50a60; No. 2, 48½a [illegible] do. white, 50a51½; No. 1, [illegible]; do. white, [illegible]; mixed western, 46 a 50½; white do. 50a60, White State, 50a55.

Chicago Produce Market.

CHICAGO, Oct. 28. Flour steady.

WHEAT — No. 2 Spring, [illegible]; No. 2 Red, 1.01½.

CORN higher—No. 2, 51½a[illegible].

OATS steady—No. 2, 43½a[illegible].

BARLEY —No. 2, 60a80.

RYE—No. 2, 65½a67.

Watertown, Mass., Cattle Market.

WATERTOWN, Oct. 28. Cattle market unchanged. Market beef—Extra, 5.50a5.75; first quality, 5.00a5.25; second, 4.50a4.75; third, 4.00a4.25.

Receipts of Cattle, 1,000.

Working oxen per pair,—[illegible].

Farrow cows, [illegible]; fancy, [illegible]; milch cows and calves, 25.00a48.00; yearlings, 9.00 a 15.00; two years, 14.00a28.00; three years, 24.00a35.00.

Swine—Receipts, 26,000—Western, fat, live, 4⅛ a4½. Northern dressed, 6a6½.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 15,000—in lots, 3.50a4.25; extra, 5.00a5.25; veal calves, 3a5½.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF BANGOR.

TUESDAY, Oct. 28.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Lucy P Miller, Stubbs, New York

Steamer Rockville, Pierce, Boston

Sch John Somes, Robbins, Mt Desert

CLEARED.

Steamer Lucy P Miller, Stubbs, New York

Steamer Lewiston, Ingraham, Boston

Steamer Cimbria, Shute, Bar Harbor

Barkentine Grace Lynwood, (new) Gilkey; [illegible]

[illegible] Lewis, New York, lumber.

[illegible]

Sch [illegible], Pickett, Cottage City, [illegible]

[illegible] F W Ayer & Co

DOMESTIC PORTS.

NEW YORK. Ar [illegible]

[illegible]

FOREIGN PORTS.

[illegible]

Special Notices.

ACCOUNTS AND CLAIMS.

The Committee on Accounts and Claims will be in session at the Alderman's Room, City Hall, on the [illegible] of each month, at 7 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of auditing bills against the city. Bills must be left with the City Clerk or the Committee on or before that date. Bills must be approved by the committee and officer of the department under which the same were contracted before being presented.

FRANK O. BEYER, Chairman.

oct28 Committee. 1w

Excelsior Lodge, Daughters of Rebekah, will give

A SUPPER and DANCE

IN ODD FELLOWS' HALL,

Friday Evening, October 31st.

Supper served from 5.30 to 8. Dancing to commence at 8.30.

Supper 25 cents. Dancing extra.

oct28

LADIES!

You can find at my store a very fine stock of

Silk Warp and Wool Henrietta, Serges, India Twills and lots of Popular Black Goods.

PLAIDS AND STRIPES IN CHOICE COLORINGS AND QUALITIES.

BROADCLOTHS IN THE NEWEST SHADES.

My stock is choice and extensive. I do a small expense business, but most of my DRESS GOODS of like quality are sold much cheaper than the prices I see quoted.

Please give my stock an examination.

JOSEPH F. SNOW,

5 MAIN ST., BANGOR.

oct25

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO.

DIVIDENDS ANNUALLY.

Life Insurance at Cost.

The following example of a policy in force will show at what an extremely low cost the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL has been able to furnish insurance to its members in the past.

Henry N. Fairbanks, Bangor, Maine, insured March 23d, 1876, for \$5,000 by policy No. 101,327, annual Life Plan, age 31. Premium, \$169.97.

I have paid 21 Premiums of \$169.97 each, is a t. ... \$1,497.27

Less surplus premiums of dividends, ... \$45.44

Total cash premiums on \$5,000 for 21 years, ... \$1,051.83

Average cost per year, for each \$1,000, ... \$1.[illegible]

I can now surrender my policy for paid up insurance for \$1,[illegible], and this paid up policy would participate each year in the surplus of the Company.

For Life Insurance at low cost apply to

The Connecticut Mutual Life Ins. Co.,

H. N. FAIRBANKS,

General Agent,

BANGOR, MAINE.

oct25 1w

STOCKS and BONDS

Bought and Sold on Commission.

WANTED,

at highest market rates,

E. AND N. A. RAILWAY STOCK.

CITY OF BELFAST BONDS.

CITY OF ROCKLAND BONDS.

Blake, Barrows & Brown,

9 Central St., Bangor, Me.

oct18

BOSTON, MAINE & N. Y. S.S. CO.

[illegible] New York Fare.

Steamer LUCY P. MILLER

will sail from Bangor every SATURDAY, [illegible]

And from New York, Pier 4, [illegible] every TUESDAY AT [illegible]

Steamer WINTHROP

will sail from New York Pier, [illegible] SATURDAY, [illegible]

For Eastport and St. John, [illegible]

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. C. QUIMBY & CO., [illegible]

[illegible]

Entertainments.

OPERA HOUSE.

FRANK A. OWEN, MANAGER.

FOUR DAYS ONLY.

AFTERNOONS and EVENINGS,

—COMMENCING—

Wednesday Evening, October 29th.

Last Exhibition here Saturday Evening, Nov. 1st. Matinee Every Afternoon for the Children.

THE WONDERFUL

TWO HEADED

Nightingale

COMEDY COMPANY.

Consisting of Millie Christine, the Two Headed Lady, and Greatest Wonder of the World, A. O. Babel, the Phenomenal Cowboy Pianist, Harry Thorne, Jos. Hayden, W. J. Whitney, John Leonard, Arthur Whitney, A. O. Barrette, Miss Queen Hetherton, Maggie Willett, Maud Hayden, Mattie Babel, Rimmie Arkwright and Alice Lording, in a Grand Olio of Farce Comedy, Laughable Sketches, Individual Specialties, Vocal Selections and Musical Novelties.

Prices, 25, 35 and 50 cents.

Tickets on sale in advance at Box Office.

Performances commence at usual hours.

Two Grand Receptions each day.

Children at Matinees, 10 cents.

oct27

OPEN

TO-NIGHT

—AT—

NORUMBEGA HALL.

All the Attractive Features of the

[illegible]

will be displayed

Every Afternoon, 2 to 5.

Every Evening, 7 to 10.

Stage Entertainment

—GIVEN BY—

THE SHAFFERS

—AND—

PUNCH and JUDY.

10 Cents Admits to All.

Seats for stage entertainment 5 cents.

RUFUS SOMERBY, MANAGER.

oct28 [illegible]

Central Club Lectures!

The Lectures of the Central Club will commence on

Monday, Nov. 3d.

The following is a list of the speakers, subjects and dates:

Nov. 3—Rev. E. E. HALE, D. D. ... A Reading: "My Double and How He Undid Me."

Nov. 17—GEO. MAKEPEACE TOWLE ... Carlyle.

Nov. 24—GEO. MAKEPEACE TOWLE ... Victor Hugo.

Dec. 1— [illegible] ... concert.

Dec. 15—Rev. E. G. PORTER ... Australia.

Dec. 29—Prof. E. C. SMYTHE ... Martin Luther.

Jan. 12—Mrs. M. A. LIVERMORE ... Undecided.

Jan. 26—Rev. REUEN THOMAS, D. D. ... Choice of Men, Which?

Feb. [illegible]—Mrs. J. ELLEN FOSTER ... Undecided.

Feb. 16—President A. W. SMALL ... Undecided.

March 2—President W. D. HYDE ... Qualities of Leadership.

March 16— ... concert.

Tickets for the course, \$1.50; single tickets, 25 cents. To be obtained at any of the book stores or at the door.

Lectures commence promptly at 8 o'clock.

oct28

[illegible] FESTIVAL

To be Given by the Ladies of St. John's Episcopal Parish, in

CITY HALL,

Tuesday and Wednesday, October 28th and 29th.

TUESDAY EVENING—Supper, "A la carte," from 6 to 7.30. The comedy, "Book Trust," at 8 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON—Children's Entertainment from 2 to 5.30.

WEDNESDAY EVENING—Supper served from 6 to 7.30.

Dancing to begin at 8.

Admission Wednesday afternoon, 10 cents; Tuesday and Wednesday evening, 25 cents; dancing 25 cents extra.

Tickets for sale at D. Bugbee & Co.'s.

oct21

Wanted, Lost, Found, To Let, Etc.

Advertisements under the head of Wanted, Lost, Found, to let, &c., not exceeding four lines, 25 cents each insertion when prepaid. When not prepaid, regular advertising rates will be charged.

WANTED. A capable girl to do general housework in a small family at 104 State Street, corner Palm Street. oct28

WANTED. Situation wanted by a middle aged lady to take care of an aged person or invalid. Inquire at this office. oct29

LOST. On Sunday morning, between the Jordan House and Episcopal church, a cameo scarf pin. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at No. 7 Broadway, Room No. 1. oct29 1t

GIRL WANTED to do general house work. Inquire at [illegible] afternoons. oct28

WANTED. A young man of steady habits and best of city recommendations, desires a situation in a Grocery or Hardware Store. Experienced in both with a fair knowledge of Book-keeping in theory and practice. Address, C, Merchants' Hotel, Bangor, Me. oct27

FIRST SORT Tamarinds prepared with Pearl Syrup. The Robinson Tamarinds are like those. If you want the very best tamarinds they will be delivered anywhere in town. Address, C. E. Robinson, 111 French Street. oct27

FOR RENT. A very desirable residence with stable. Has modern conveniences and large garden. Location good; ten minutes walk from Post Office. Rent \$200 a year. Apply at Pearl's Real Estate Agency, 6 Kenduskeag Block. oct27

LAUNDRY FOR SALE. The entire interest (or one-half to the right party) of the White Star Laundry, 100 Exchange Street, Bangor, doing a good business. Engine, boiler and latest improved machinery. Enquire of W. S. Maine at the laundry. [illegible]

FOR RENT. A very desirable tenement, 120 Hammond Street. Inquire at 141 Hammond St., or office of H. N. Fairbanks. aug27

WANTED.

Two Good Coat Makers wanted at once.

J. S. BAKER,

18 East Market Square.

oct28

Situation Wanted.

A [illegible] Court. [illegible] Address, [illegible]

oct27 1w [illegible], Maine.

Real Estate.

FOR SALE.

On easy terms, [illegible]

FOR SALE.

[illegible]

Hotels.

SEBOOMOOK HOUSE,

N. W. CAREY, M. E. LAKE, Me.

Terms, \$2.00 Per Day.

J. T. MAYVILLE & CO. Proprietors.

Having leased the above Hotel for a term of years, thoroughly renovated the same, and secured the services of Mr. Charlie Perkins and wife, who are thoroughly competent, the above hotel is now open for business. This cool and pleasant resort is unsurpassed at Moosehead Lake for fishing and hunting. For further information address, J. T. Mayville, Bangor, Maine.

WEST END HOTEL,

PORTLAND, MAINE,

Opposite Union Depot, Corner of St. John and Congress Streets.

[illegible] European and American plans. Steam heated [illegible] furnished with all modern conveniences. Hot and cold water baths. Good livery connected.

D. H. SWAN, Proprietor.

Physical Training

Evening Class For Women.

A class for Women will be formed as soon as applications number seventy-five. Work will then be begun and no new members received. For further particulars write or apply to

F. H. DODGE.

[illegible] BOSTON.

New Boston and Maine, Eastern, Fitchburg, and Lowell depots, centres of business and places of amusement.

Handsomely Furnished, Homelike and Comfortable. Kept on the

EUROPEAN PLAN!

Rooms all large and comfortable; elegant suites with baths attached; ample public parlors; [illegible] and billiard room, and first-class [illegible] in every respect.

ROOMS FROM \$1.00 A DAY UP.

I. F. MERRILL & CO., Proprietors.

Green Stuff.

Of Every Variety, at

Lynch & Callagher's,

may19

—THE—

[illegible]

Portable Cooking Range.

FOR WOOD OR COAL.

The Clarion Ranges have been before the public 16 years and they have grown more popular each year until to-day it stands at the head of all others.

Please read what some of the leading dealers say about this celebrated Range:

Messrs. Dame & Sleeper of Lynn, Mass., say: We have sold several hundred Clarion Ranges in the past five years and have as yet to find a case where one failed to work satisfactorily. They are splendid bakers. No other Ranges in these parts can hold a candle to it.

The Kohler Furnace and Steam Heating Co. of Boston, say: We have sold between four and five hundred Clarion Ranges to the best people in Boston, who pronounced them as being the most economical and quickest baking Range that they ever used.

Messrs. A. L. & E. F. Goss of Lewiston, say: "We have sold at retail of the Clarion, New Clarion, Royal Clarion and Gold Clarion Ranges, not less than four thousand (4000) and they have always given entire satisfaction."

Another remarkable fact is that the good old State of Maine, whose motto is, "We Lead," has produced the best cooking range in the market—this is a point we are proud of.

Messrs. Foss & Crockett, of Dexter, say: "We sold over seven hundred (700) Clarion Ranges. No other Range can fill its place for its unrivalled qualities. No other Manufacturer has ever made a Range to equal the Clarion, and why is a conundrum we have never comprehended."

Please send to us for our 39 page Book of Testimonials of the Clarion Ranges.

—MANUFACTURED AND FOR SALE BY—

WOOD, BISHOP & CO.,

BANGOR,

Also for sale by JOSEPH SEMPLE, Langer. sept13 TF&W

W. H. ANDREWS & CO

—ARE—

SOLE AGENTS

—FOR—

EMERSON

PIANO COMPY,

—IN—

EASTERN MAINE.

The Goods in Downing's

FINE ART STORE

have been moved to more commodious quarters [illegible] Main Street, where the entire stock will be offered at

AUCTION

Prices for the Next 30 Days.

[illegible]

CHAS. L. D. [illegible]

DOLLS! DOLLS!

The largest stock of dolls ever shown in this city. Also a larger stock of everything else in our line than ever before. We have our

CHRISTMAS STOCK

in, so please call early before the assortment is broken. Will be pleased to show our goods.

[illegible] & SON'S [illegible] STORE,

119 MAIN STREET,

oct30 MWF

Some Big Bargains

—IN—

Hosiery and Underwear

FOR GENTLEMEN.

In spite of the McKinley Bill and the consequent advance in the Tariff, we propose to give the people of Eastern Maine a Benefit.

Bargains that Cannot be Duplicated

after the following lots are closed

50 Dozen Camel's Hair Hose, splendid value, only 21 cents, or 5 pair for \$1.00,

25 Dozen Black, all wool Hose, extra heavy and fine quality, regular 50 cent goods, only 29 cents, or 6 pairs for \$1.50.

25 Dozen English Merino half hose, good weight, and would be considered cheap at 40 cents. We shall sell them while they last at 29 cents, or six pairs for \$1.50.

Conticook A, Blue Ribbed Underwear, strictly all wool and best quality made, only \$1.25 each.

Conticook B, Blue Ribbed, all wool, only \$1.00 each.

10 Dozen American Hosiery and New Britain Co.'s Finest Grade Underwear, regular \$3.00 Goods, only \$1.50 each,

25 Dozen Natural wool Underwear, only 45 cents each, worth 60 cents.

A Few Dozen of the Medlicott Co.'s Fine Cashmere Wool Undershirts in 34 by 36 sizes only, at \$1.00 each, worth \$2.00.

Every Gentleman in need of Hosiery or Underwear should take immediate advantage of this sale, as the above lots cannot last long.

JAMES A. ROBINSON,

Wheelwright & Clark's Block.

oct4

The Steady Increasing Trade

Has caused us to offer

[illegible]

We make a Specialty of

Boys and Children's Suits and Overcoats.

On SATURDAY will offer

75 [illegible]'s Cape Overcoats at \$2.00

These will go quick. Other Big Bargains at

Bangor Clothing Store,

MEYER M. LEVY, Proprietor

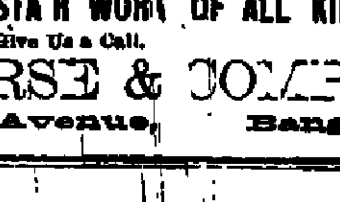
3 KENDUSKEAG BLOCK.

Under Public Library.

ONE PRICE TO ALL.

oct 18

WOOD MANTELS



A Large Line in Stock.

Special Designs Made to Order

Mouldings, Brackets,

Newel Posts, Balusters, Etc.

STAIR WORK OF ALL KINDS.

Please Give Us a Call.

MORSE & COMPANY,

Valley Avenue, Bangor, Maine.

sept24dtf

THE SAFEST FOR SAVINGS!

BONDS

CITY OF BANGOR

SIX PER CENT. BONDS,

And other Securities of the highest character, for the Investment of Savings and Trust Funds, for sale at Lowest Current Rates by

BOWLER & MERRILL,

BANKERS,

—AND PROPRIETORS OF THE—

Bangor Safe Deposit Vaults,

NO. 7 KENDUSKEAG BLOCK,

BANGOR, MAINE.

oct [illegible] d&wtf

WE ARE SHOWING

A very Complete Line of the most popular [illegible] this season, [illegible]

[illegible] C. W. COFFIN.

Whig and Courier.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1890.

(FOR ADDITIONAL DESPATCHES SEE FIRST PAGE.)

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

ROBBED AND ASSAULTED.

Caribou Physician has a Very Rough Experience.

NEW YORK, Oct. [illegible]. A [illegible] Fredericton Junction, N. B. [illegible] Maine physician, Dr. McAlpine [illegible] in a critical condition here as the [illegible] a murderous attempt upon him [illegible] Dennis and George Kingston [illegible] Boom. McAlpine was returning from the West to his home in Caribou. [illegible] was carried past and put off [illegible] Junction. He had been drinking [illegible] Sunday night. Night Agent [illegible] placed him on the western [illegible] supposed he was all right [illegible] morning a Mrs. Kelley heard [illegible] on investigation found the doctor [illegible] been terribly beaten about the [illegible] face.

His money, \$75, was gone [illegible] that after Matthews left him [illegible] he got out to get a drink [illegible] Dennis and Kingston. The [illegible] drinks together and when [illegible] highway one of them struck [illegible] several times in the face, [illegible] down and kicked him [illegible]. They then robbed him. [illegible] been named for their arrest [illegible] present time they have not [illegible] headed.

LINCOLN COUNTY COURT.

Chief Justice Peters Presiding at the Term.

WISCASSET, Oct. 28. The [illegible] of the Supreme Judicial Court [illegible] the John A. Peters presiding [illegible] morning. There are but a few [illegible] marked for trial and it will probably [illegible] short term.

A FINE VESSEL.

Launched from the Yard of [illegible] Lord in Calais.

CALAIS, Oct. 28. There was [illegible] to-day from the shipyard of [illegible] Lord, a three masted schooner [illegible] Gower built of native woods [illegible] She is 150 feet keel [illegible] all 35 feet beam and [illegible] steam hoisting equipment [illegible] by W. D. Gower, of Sargentville [illegible] be commanded by W. D. Sargent [illegible] same place. The schooner is [illegible] general freighting. She is the [illegible] built here since the Grace Gower [illegible] launched in 1874.

FROM WATERVILLE.

Temperance Mass Meeting.

WATERVILLE, Oct. 28. A temperance mass meeting of Waterville citizens will be held at City Hall next Tuesday evening. President A. W. Small, of Colby University will preside and addresses will be made by local speakers.

They All Want Nelson.

C. H. Nelson has accepted a very flattering offer to exhibit the stallion Nelson at the American Horse Exhibition in Chicago. He starts for that city Wednesday morning.

County Conference.

The Kennebec conference of Congregational churches began at Winslow to-day. A feature of the programme will be an [illegible] of President A. W. Small, of Colby University, upon "The relation of the church to the problems of sociology."

LIME AFIRE

In the John S. Beacham.

SALEM, Mass., Oct. 28. The schooner John S. Beacham, Capt. [illegible] for Richmond, Va., arrived [illegible] day with her cargo of lime on fire.

SHOCKING LOSS OF LIFE.

Reported Foundering of a Vessel with 700 Emigrants Aboard.

LONDON, Oct. 28. It is reported that a vessel with seven hundred emigrants on board has foundered off Cape St. [illegible]

APPRAISEMENT OF GOODS.

New York Importer Dissatisfied.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28. Upon application of Ballin, Joseph & Co., importers, of this city, Judge Lacombe of the United States District Court to-day granted an order requiring the customs appraisers to produce the records and papers in their possession regarding the appraisement made upon certain cloths the firm imported. The firm allege that they entered at the port of New York certain manufactures of wool which arrived here July 10, 1890. The collector adjudged the consignment dutiable at 35 cents a pound and [illegible] cent. ad valorem. The Board of Appraisers and the Secretary of the Treasury sustained the collector's decision. Among other things the plaintiffs contend that the act of May 9, 1890, entitled "An act to provide for the classification of worsted cloths as woolens," does not apply, because the act was not passed according to law. There was no quorum in the House when the bill was certified to have been passed. They allege that the bill was not legally enacted, though it was declared passed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives when it had not been.

THE TARIFF ACT.

Senator Sherman Explains the Tobacco Provision.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 28. To-day's issue of the Western Tobacco Journal contains a letter from Senator Sherman which says:

The express purpose of postponing the taking effect of section 30 of the tariff act which provides for a reduction of the internal taxes on smoking and manufactured tobacco from 8 cents a pound under the old law to 6 cents a pound, until after January 1, 1891, was that it was believed that as the general law took effect October 6, the lapse of nearly three months would be sufficient to exhaust the supply on hand, and therefore no rebate was provided as in some former reductions. I understood it distinctly that way and have no doubt all who participated in the conference took the same view of the matter.

REPUBLICAN MEETING

Addressed by Congressman Boutelle and Mr. Spooner.

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 28. The Republicans held a mass meeting to-night in the Opera House. A large audience was present.

Addresses on the tariff were made by Congressmen C. A. Boutelle of Maine, and H. J. Spooner of Philadelphia. Ex Gov. G. P. Wetmore presided.

BOAT CAPSIZED.

Life Saved by the Rescue.

BAY SHORE, L. I., Oct. 28. A dory containing a pilot and four of the crew of the pilot boat Edward Cooper, capsized near Smith's Point yesterday. Members of the Smith's Point life saving station rescued the men in an exhausted condition.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

PURCHASING SILVER.

A Statement from Director of the Mint Leach.

Some of the Recent Criticism Answered.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28. E. O. Leach, director of the Mint, makes the following statement in regard to Treasury purchases of silver bullion and the causes of the recent decline in the market price of silver: The Treasury method of purchasing silver has been published in detail, particularly that the large purchases by the Department do not include all silver bought; that the London price is used as a basis for the government purchase; that bids to the government are on the decimal system and tend to favoritism. In regard to the first criticism I may say that the government purchases silver as it does bonds, or indeed any articles required in considerable quantities, by public competition and the lowest offers are always accepted, provided they do not exceed the highest market price. For the benefit of all producers, however, who would otherwise be obliged to trade through middle men, superintendents of the mines are authorized to purchase

Small Lots

at a price fixed by the Director of the Mint, corresponding to the market price of silver. These purchases average, weekly, one-half million ounces per month and are reported to the Treasury weekly. It is not true that the London price has been used as a basis for silver purchases under the new law. During the last administration not only was the London price the only price used in making purchases, but the department did not pay the equivalent of the London price but made counter offers to bidders on the theory that the silver was worth less in New York than in London by the cost of transportation and insurance across the water. The present administration has been governed by the New York price and has paid at times an excess of the highest price at which certificates were in that city the same day. The government accepts

The Lowest Bids

for the sale of silver, but does not reject a bid for the reason that it exceeds the London price. If there are no lower bids it will accept any bid within the highest New York price. As no time since the passage of the new silver law, indeed for some months before, has the Treasury felt itself limited in acceptance to the London price. In regard to the Government quotation being on the decimal basis one of our critics is ready to say "A suspicious and significant fact in regard to the Government's purchases of late is that houses offering large lots have been under bid by the hundredth part of a cent. The Government's quotations are on a decimal basis which is a great advantage to those who may have advanced information as to the price the Government is willing to pay on a given date." It may be said that the Government has the scale of its own. The difference we whatever scale that

Sets Them Sent.

Any person who has silver may offer it at any price he sees fit. If one hundredth part of a cent lower than another is the government to decline the lower bid because of the decimal? The idea of any bidder having "advance information" as to the price the government will pay is ridiculous and impossible. Offers for the sale of silver are all made by telegraph within a few minutes of 1 o'clock. The treasury has no idea of what it will pay until offers are offered its acceptance being governed solely by the offers. These offers are entered in a book and the offers passed on by the Director of the Mint who recommends what ones be accepted or rejected. The book is then taken to the Secretary of the Treasury, each offer passed on separately and personally by him and the bidders notified by telegraph of the acceptance or rejection of bids.

The Whole Business

does not occupy fifteen minutes. The uniform practice is to accept the lowest bids, the only question for the director and secretary is of formalities being how much they will buy on a given day and how favorable the offers are as compared with the market price. The method of purchasing silver by public competition is the same as has been pursued by the Treasury under all administrations since 1878. The causes for the recent decline in the price of silver are obvious. The visible stock of silver in New York does not sensibly decrease, notwithstanding the purchase by the Government of 12,276,478 ounces since August 13th. This large and undiminished stock is a standing menace to the price of silver and has of itself been sufficient to shake public confidence in silver.

If the Large Western Refinery

had offered their product for sale to the government at current prices and sold the remainder abroad the stock would not have accumulated. In hopes of realizing larger profits they held their silver for months prior to the passage of the new law, or despoiled it in New York for certificates. It was very unfortunate that this stock was allowed to accumulate, especially that certificates were allowed to be issued on it guaranteed by a National Bank and listed on the Stock Exchange to be dealt in on margins as other stocks. In my judgment there should be a law enacted against dealing in money metals on margins. The usual demand for silver for export has almost entirely ceased and large quantities of foreign silver shipped to the United States.

The Imports of Silver

into the United States from May 1 to September 30 of the present year exceeds the exports by $4,923,175; corresponding period last year the exports exceeded the imports by $5,948,990. This accounts for the fact that the stock is not diminished. During the same period the shipment of silver to India has not considerably decreased, although latterly has been slow. The usual amount of the supply for India had been obtained there sooner than the United States. So, too, in regard to the natural movement of silver to China, Japan and the Straits from San Francisco. Not one ounce of silver has been shipped to the Orient from San Francisco since May 1 this year; over $4,000,000 worth was shipped during the same period last year. All sorts of rumors have been telegraphed from London to this country. The purpose and effect of this was to

Weaken the Price of Silver.

It is well known that as are in the midst of a most active mining season had undoubtedly be production of silver has been stimulated by the passage of the new silver law. It must be remembered that we are approaching winter when mining is not so active and moreover that the present activity in working the silver mines naturally results in more rapidly exhausting their bodies. Aside from the discoveries of valuable silver bearing properties in Australia, I am not aware of any large deposits of silver discovered within the last year or two; certainly none recently. It is fair to assume that the silver product for any considerable period, unless there are new discoveries, will not be materially increased by the present active working of the mines. The new silver law has been executed by the Treasury Department to the utmost good faith and the same friendly spirit toward silver which characterized the act and manner of its execution have not had the most remote bearing on the recent decline in price.

VERMONT.

Two Democrats on the Governor's Staff—Amendment to the Constitution.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Oct. 28. The Governor's staff was announced to-day. Hon. Nelson F. Brigham, of Rutlandshire, Democratic candidate for Governor this year, is Chief of Staff. Among the other members is H. L. Folsom, of Lyndonville, Superintendent of the Passenger Division B. & M. Railroad, Democratic candidate for Congressman this year.

An amendment to the Constitution was proposed to-day forbidding the assessing and levying of all taxes on capital stock and upon fruit grown in the State.

MAINE INTELLIGENCE.

Barkentine Lodging.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Oct. 28. The barkentine Nellie E. Crowell was towed in the head of the harbor to-day. Divers found about fifteen feet of her starboard quarter all gone, and her keel torn up, stem and the stanchions all off. They did not dare cover the hole. Divers went from the moon pumped the vessel out, with her forward compartment full of water.

ALARM REPORTS.

Serious Revolt of Peasants in Southern Russia.

They Prefer Even Death to a Condition of Serfdom.

LONDON, Oct. 28. The Telegraph's St. Petersburg correspondent says: The Minister of Interior received a telegram containing startling accounts of peasants' revolts in Kharkov and Yekaterinoslav districts in southern Russia.

Nine thousand troops are operating against the peasants in the Bogodookhov district, who refuse to betray their leaders and they declare they will not relapse into serfdom, preferring instead to die fighting. Peasants are prowling about in armed bands firing and pillaging land owners' residences. They have burned 5,000 acres of forests on the river Samara and destroyed immense quantities of corn in Bahmoutsk.

THE LOTTERY EVIL.

A Vigorous Enforcement of the Law.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28. Attorney General Miller has sent a circular letter to all United States Attorneys calling attention to the act of Congress approved Sept. 19, 1890, entitled an act to amend certain sections of the Revised Statutes relating to lotteries and for other purposes, with the suggestion that they carefully examine the statutes and spare no effort to enforce them. He says: Every violation of the lottery by an individual or corporation in the distribution of lottery literature, or in any other way, should be brought to the attention of the grand jury and if indictments found a vigorous prosecution should follow as the end that the nefarious business may be suppressed. The enforcement of this law should be a hearty co-operation on the part of District Attorneys, United States Marshals and Post-office Inspectors. Similar instructions have been sent to United States Marshals.

FROM WASHINGTON.

News About the Capitol.

Lieut Commander Bunce.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28. Admiral Belknap commanding the Asiatic squadron, reported to the Navy Department by cable this morning the death of Lieut. Commander Tom Pennington. He was attached to the Omaha.

Given a Rebuke.

The Solicitor of the Treasury was given an opinion in reply to the collector's statements presented by section 3 of the customs administrative act, as affected by section 11 of the same act. He says that considering the fact that the intention of the statute was the prevention of frauds on the revenue by the imposition of unreasonable paying advances upon ad valorem duties, and that no such motive appears why the application should extend to the duty paying purely specific items, this section does not require importers to furnish certificates of the cost of the manufacture of goods paying specific rates. The Secretary endorses this conclusion and requested the Secretary of State in case that the consuls thereon to instruct the United States Consular officers to act accordingly.

Foreign Action Ordered.

The Indian Bureau is in receipt of a telegram to the President from Guy Copper, to the effect that bands of Indians are off the reservations in Colorado, indicating game, damaging private property and greatly endangering the peace. By direction of the Secretary of the Interior, Agent Waugh is directed to take immediate steps to return the depredating bands to the reservations. The Secretary of War has given necessary instructions to the local military authorities.

FIRE RECORD.

Brewing Plant Damaged.

NEWPORT, Ky., Oct. 28. The Wiedemar Brewing Co's plant was damaged $100,000 by fire Monday night.

A Loss of $8,000.

PLYMOUTH, N. H., Oct. 28. The treatment building of the Fabre Wood Co., at Livermore Falls was burned at noon. The fire caught around the oven. Loss, $8,000.

A Blaze in Boston.

BOSTON, Oct. 28. Fire at 5 and 7 Salem street to-night caused a damage of $3,500, principally to the stock of Eben Solomon, pawn broker, who occupied the lower floor. John Goldberg and one or two other tenants suffered a slight loss. The total insurance is $1,500.

The cause was the overturning of a lamp in Goldberg's tenement.

Barn House Burned.

HARTFORD, Vt., Oct. 28. The farm dwelling, barn and most of its contents, owned by William Porter, about two miles from here, were burned yesterday. Loss $1,000. The origin is unknown.

SERIOUS BLAZE.

A Loss of $163,000—Town Threatened.

APALACHICOLA, Fla., Oct. 28. Seventeen buildings were burned here yesterday causing a loss of $163,000, which was partly insured. The fire broke out in Kennedy's saw mill and at one time threatened the entire town. Among the losses are the Kimball Lumber Co's planing mill, warehouses, wharf and 4,000,000 feet of lumber, $85,000, partly insured; the Kennedy mill and lumber, loss $30,000, insurance $13,000; Grady & Co's. store, loss $16,000, partly insured; Munro & Co., ice work, loss $8,000, insurance $4,000; ice house $10,000, uninsured.

LABOR TROUBLES.

The Telegraph Strike in Chicago.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28. A special from Chicago says that at a meeting of telegraph operators on that city yesterday it was decided to affiliate with the Federation of Railroad Employes and rely upon the strength of the union to successfully resist the attempt of the Western Union to suppress any organization of their employes. The Western Union intends to continue to discharge Brotherhood men as fast as their places can be filled.

All on Strike.

CHICAGO, Oct. 28. Every steam fitting establishment is idle to-day, all the union men and 95 per cent of the non-union men being on strike.

WIND AND RAIN.

A Bad Storm for the Frenchmen.

ARICHAT, C. B., Oct. 28. About dusk last evening the wind commenced blowing smartly from the east, accompanied with rain and tremendously high tide. About midnight the wind shifted to southeast and blew with increasing violence, culminating in a hurricane and a heavy downpour of rain. About daybreak the rain ceased and the wind shifted to southwest but continued with unabated force, tearing up a heavy sea which swept the inlet into preparation under way for the annual herring fishing.

EXPORTS NOT.

Influence Above the Surplus.

HAVERHILL, N. H., Oct. 28. Mrs R. D. Locke, a wealthy resident, has donated her beautiful mahogany hace, valued at $3,000, to the Hebrew Congregational Church. The transport to-day decided to accept the offer, providing the carving not can be removed or the building, which is heavily coming to the chapter of the institution. The building will be moved into memory room occupying thirty-five to fifty.

Summer Cottage Burned.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28. L. L. Stimpson, a manufacturer of the Brooklyn and Kingsbridge of Hotel Tuxedo, owned by the Tuxedo Park Association, was burned this morning. Loss $10,000.

Stone Chapel Dedicated.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28. L. L. Stimpson, a manufacturer of the Brooklyn and Kingsbridge of Hotel Tuxedo, owned by the Tuxedo Park Association, was burned this morning. Loss $10,000.

A SAD CASE.

Man Loses his Last Cent Through the Brooklyn Broker's Rascality.

BROOKLYN, Mass., Oct. 28. A gentleman called at C. W. Robinson's office today and said he let Robinson have $6,000, every cent he possessed. He is fifty-two years old, is failing health and has a family to support. Lloyd E. Chamberlain, Esq., one of the executors of the estate of the late Charles Stone, made an effort to recover the bonds placed in Robinson's hands to sell. He has stopped payment upon them and made a demand upon Rufus P. Kingman for $3,300 worth held by him as collateral. Mrs. Fullerton, mother of ex-Postmaster G. H. Fullerton, holds a second mortgage, amounting to $3,000, on real estate handled by Robinson, which undoubtedly bears the forged signature of Everett Robinson as guarantee.

BASE BALL.

World's Championship Games Declared Off Until Spring.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Oct. 28. The world's series of ball games between the Brooklyns and Louisville has been declared off till spring.

To-day's game: Louisville, 6; Brooklyns, 2.

BROTHERS HANGING.

And a Lone Bull will be the Result.

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 28. The Elm City Driving Park, owned by Nicholas W. and Joseph E. Hotchkiss, of this city, was mortgaged for $30,000 by J. G. Hotchkiss, of Keokuk, Iowa. The attachment was tied from an alleged failure of the New Haven Hotchkisses to carry out their part of an agreement to transfer their March business to the Iowa brother. The March business is variously estimated from $300,000 to $400,000.

STEAMERS COLLIDE.

One Vessel Sunk but no Lives Lost.

LONDON, Oct. 28. The steamer Samanos, British from Fernandina which arrived today, collided in the Thames with the German steamer Vulcan, engaged in the fruit trade between Catacolo and Zante and London. The Samanos's bows were stove. The Vulcan was so badly damaged that she filled and sank. No lives were lost.

WHAT WOMAN CAN DO.

Sum of $100,000 Raised for an University.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 28. Mrs. Davis, Miss Mary Garrett and their associates of the committee of ladies which resolved to raise $100,000 and give it to John Hopkins University for the purpose of founding a medical college into which women should be admitted, have accomplished their object and placed the money at the disposal of the university trustees. The latter decided to invest the money and when it has reached $200,000 it will be used for the purpose proposed.

A SEVERE GALE

Disabling Steamship Halifax.

HALIFAX, N. S., Oct. 28. The steamer City of St. John, which left this port this morning for Yarmouth, was obliged to put back to Canso, owing of the severity of the gale. She left again this afternoon. Several schooners which left here last night put back.

NATIONAL CONVENTION.

Call of Non-Partisan W. C. T. U.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 28. A call has been issued for a National Convention of the Non-Partisan National Woman's Christian Temperance Union to be held at Allegheny City, Pa., November 9, 10 and 11, 1890. The delegates and visitors should send their names as soon as possible to Mrs. H. C. Campbell, 187 Sandusky street, Allegheny City, Pa.

A ROUSING RECEPTION.

Great Speaker Reed—The Rule Everywhere

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 28. Speaker Reed addressed large audiences at Litt's Grand Opera House and New Market Theatre to-night. His main subject was the tariff. He was given a rousing reception.

A LITTLE COFFINS.

Secretary Blaine in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Oct. 28. Secretary Blaine to-day took a little outing in company with a party of members of the Commercial Club, visiting Fort Sheridan, the new army post just north of the city. He leaves to-morrow morning for South Bend, Ind., where he speaks in the evening.

A GENERAL WALKOUT.

Operators Struck by Their Companions.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 28. Several operators at the local Western Union office have recently been discharged because it is alleged that they belonged to the Brotherhood. This afternoon two were sent away and their places were ordered filled by other employes, who refused to take their places. The first operator refusing was immediately discharged, whereupon twelve or fifteen of the best men walked out. Some of the strikers are not members of the union and state that the discharge of their companions was the only cause of their walking out.

THE WESTERN UNION.

No Trouble with the Operators.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28. Press Agent Somerville, of the Western Union Telegraph Company, said this afternoon that the company is having no trouble with operators. It is doubtless true that some employes in Chicago and the Northwest have been discharged, or left the employ of the company, but any trouble there is purely local. Not a single despatch has been delayed in any part of the country. Mr. Somerville further stated that so far as the company is concerned it knew nothing of the Brotherhood.

At St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 28. The Western Union offices this city gives no sign of a strike. Almost the full force is at work to-day, superintended by Mr. Michael says they are up with all business and have not been at all hampered by the walk out, except for a couple of hours last night.

BROKE ISLAND.

Working of a Cumbersome System.

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 28. The Supreme Court has decided that crosses only at the right of the name within or without the square, count in the Australian system of voting.

QUICK WORK.

Quick Rescue Prominent in Snow Orchard.

MERIDIAN Tenn., Oct. 28. At 2.45 this morning Charles Davis, James Dallas and Pat Gilmer, three Chicago crooks, robbed a jewelry store of $400 worth of watches and at 3.30 A. M. they were in the station. A preliminary examination was held this morning and they were indicted by the grand jury this afternoon.

They will be tried in the penitentiary at 2.30 P. M. and will be handed in walks at Hopkins at 5 A. M.

CORRECT NEWS.

Quarrel on the Stairs.

LONDON, Oct. 28. Advices received from Bulawayo are to the effect that the British Chartered Mounted and Mounted Infantry attacked the Matabele and Mashonas on the Shiri and beyond the Bun river. Letters of recall have been sent to Sir Hector Hanna, Portuguese Minister to England.

Mystery Implicated.

ATLANTA, Oct. 28. The Telegraph's Macon, Ga., special says: Mr. Dougherty has published his Mr. Dougherty's letter to the Telegraph, in which he says that he was not in the room of Mr. Hunt, who was found in the room of Mr. Hunt, who was found in the room of Mr. Hunt, who was found

That Terrib e W akness.

Why So Many Women Are Faint, Weak, Tired, Nervous and Exhausted.

Women are great sufferers from nervousness, weakness, nervous prostration and debility. Thousands of girls droop and languish in the close, cramped atmosphere of shops, factories or offices, and hundreds of thousands wear out their nerve force and power in household cares, family, and responsibilities, and work which never ends.

Here lies the great strain upon the nervous system. Here is the cause why so many women complain of being weak, nervous, tired and exhausted.

They have little or no rest, their life is one continual round of work. What wonder that such women go to bed at night fatigued, and wake tired and unrefreshed in the morning! What wonder that they become worn out, so to speak, in nerve and vital power! What wonder that they have great weakness, exhaustion, pain in back and limbs, together with the distressing female complaints which are always caused by loss of vital strength and vigor! Of how many thousands of women is the above a true and exact transcript of daily life? They have worn out and exhausted their nerve force and physical power. They must work, but it follows as surely as the day follows the night, that they must receive from some source a renewal of nerve force and physical energies or the human machine will soon cease to run at all.

The great nerve invigorant and female restorative is Dr. Greene's Nervura. No remedy in the world is so sure to bring back the bloom and color to the wan and faded cheeks, the brilliancy to the hollow and haggard eyes, the lightness and elasticity to the weak and weary step, the strength and vitality to the unstrung shattered and worn out nerves. It is the greatest of all uterine tonics and regulators and cures all female weakness and disease. It is purely vegetable and harmless and can be procured at any druggist's for $1 per bottle.

GLAD TIDINGS OF HEALTH.

I wish to say for the benefit of others, that I was taken sick with Heart Disease. I had two scientific physicians, and was under their care seven or eight months, but constantly grew worse; lost 75 pounds of flesh, and was so weak I could not raise myself in bed, and the doctors said I could be no better. But, hearing of Dr Greene's Nervura I commenced taking it, and in a week I began to feel better. At present, after using it a few months, I am able to walk and ride out, have gained 40 pounds in weight, so that I consider that Dr Greene's Nervura saved my life, for which I feel very grateful. MRS E M. BASS, Orford, N. H.

Dr Greene of 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass., the discoverer, is the famous specialist in the cure of nervous and chronic diseases. The doctor has devoted special attention to the treatment of all forms of chronic diseases through letter correspondence, and will give by mail his opinion and advice in any case free of charge. This perfection of this system renders a complete cure almost as certain, as his success in treatment by correspondence is wonderful and unequalled. Send for symptom blank to fill out or write him about your case.

The New Round Game

Cc ec Pin es,

—FOR SALE BY—

CHAS. HIGHT.

sept24

THE C)MING WOMA !

Will not have her ears pierced for ear-rings, says a newspaper scribe. This is rather a depressing item, if true, to the jeweler, but this general [illegible] of the craft can console themselves with the hope that the women who have got here will continue to adorn their aristocratic appendages with 'em. Solid Gold Jewelry of any description, to order, on approval, at

24 Main St., - JNO. TEJRETTS & CO.

oct8

J. F. GERRITY & CO.

PORTRAIT ARTISTS,

Frame Pictures of all kinds lower than any other house in Maine. They have a very large stock to elect from.

April 12

MRS. R. A. WEBSTER

has just returned from Boston with a fine assortment of new goods, which she will be pleased to show on and after WEDNESDAY, October 1st, at her

Art Parlors, 30 Essex Street,

(First house below State.)

oct8

S e than and T[illegible]

[illegible]

MAINE'S VAST RESOURCES.

(Continued from First page.)

Her slate and granite quarries which are rapidly increasing and are assuming large proportions in which Maine is the third State in her State products and the first in the extent of her granite industries, her immense lime quarries and the millions of barrels of lime which they annually produce; her sea fisheries which exceed in value and extent all other states, and in which Maine stands second in the list of states, and first in the importance and value of her river fisheries, her sardine and lobster fisheries and canning establishments, in which Maine stands forth most prominent and at the present time, not only first, but almost alone, and annually packs 30,000,000 cans of sardines and 1,500,000 cans of lobsters, her extensive cod and mackerel fisheries, her enormous trade in fresh, pickled and smoked fish of many kinds, reaching into the millions of boxes.

Her ship-building, in which Maine has annually built a greater amount of tonnage than any other state, and the present year will launch upon the bosom of the deep a vastly increased number and tonnage of wooden and iron ships, to bear upon the ocean's bosom the products of this great nation.

We cannot omit to mention the ice crop which is peculiar to Maine and has always been a sure crop, and which the present year will bring millions of dollars cash into that State as a result of a few weeks' labor in her ice fields in harvesting this comparatively new source of enterprise and wealth.

There should be no antagonism of sections or clashing of interests. The poor and laboring classes should not look upon those whom they think more fortunate than they with envy or hate, nor the rich oppress those they employ. Their interests are one and both classes are dependent upon each other and should just and work for the benefit of each other. Blot out the capitalist who uses his millions to employ labor, even if done for his own advantage, shut down your mills, harbor your ships; shut off your steam, stall the iron horse and stop all the wheels of business which require combined wealth to set in motion, and what would be the result to the wage workers? It only proves that their interests are identical. The one needs the money, the other the labor; neither can live and prosper without the other, and they should work and live for each other's interests and each be protected by equitable laws. Who are the millionaires of our land that they should be held up as enemies of the poor and a reproach to all peoples?

Nine-tenths of them sprung from the ranks of the workers of honest toil. Some were town paupers, and stepped from the poor house into the world's arena, and worked up from rags and beggars to the possession of millions and in their palaces. The poor man of to-day may be the rich man of to-morrow, and the rich man who is cursed or envied to-day may be the poor man to-morrow.

The possibilities of the poor man, the possibilities of the young man who has no money to pave his way, no legacy but his manhood, his health and his intellect, and the bone and muscle his Maker gave him, are beyond measure greater in this magnificent country of ours than in any other and under the broad canopy of heaven.

It is the glory of our great and glorious republic that the road to fame and honor and riches is open to him; no political trigs or [illegible] way, no [illegible] have bar his course, no [illegible] his [illegible], but which industry, perseverance and energy can surmount. The man who to-day carried the [illegible] would tear down the great [illegible] glorious fabric which saves and protects him may, in his turn, be the target for the shafts of calumny, jealousy, envy and hate.

The United States coast survey informs us that Maine has a shore line of over three thousand miles; that her sea [illegible] line is two hundred and twenty-seven miles in extent. No other Atlantic state possesses such wonderful scenery of mountain, rugged and picturesque coast combined. And what is better, our waterways, at the entrance of her bays, harbors and rivers are broad and deep, and open to the world, inviting all to enter and enjoy the magnificent scenery of [illegible] [illegible] and diversified coast, which no other Atlantic state can present. "With a summer climate unsurpassed in its pure bracing, health-restoring and life-building air," where malaria is unknown and where severe forms of contagious and infectious diseases are never met except at the result of gross ignorance or neglect.

Agriculture in Maine is on the increase. The present census will show that her farmers as a class have been prosperous. Returns from the largest county in the State, a county as large as some of the states themselves, show that the farms and farmers are in a remarkably prosperous condition, while throughout the whole country it is well known that farming is in a somewhat depressed condition. The population too, has increased in that county. The Hon. Samuel W. Mathews, the able commissioner of industrial and labor statistics of Maine, writes in reply to a letter addressed him the present month:

"My individual returns will show a remarkably prosperous condition of things among the farmers. The census of 1890 will show a large increase in population, in valuation, and in the number of farms in that county. * * * An interesting exhibit is made in the five hundred returns received by me from individual farmers, in this, that 89 per cent, show an increased productiveness in farms through the State, showing increased intelligence, system and good management. * * * The next census (1890) will show a marked increase in the number of farms in the State." He adds that the general facts he gives are verified from returns from farmers and assessors of towns."

There are now forty starch factories in Aroostook county, which last year consumed over 2,000,000 bushels of potatoes. Besides these 1,800,000 bushels were shipped and marketed. Add to these 500,000 bushels more for home consumption and kept for seed and we find that that single county raised last year (1889) over 4,000,000 bushels of potatoes, and received for which she shipped $1,300,000 in cash, and the present year she has one-third more acreage in potatoes than last. One farmer last year from his farm of eleven acres of potatoes, realized net $1000 over and above all expenses, not taking the interest on the value of his land, and many farmers [illegible] cleared $1,500 or over from their potato crop alone.

It is true, and we do not conceal the fact, that there has been in the past a large emigration from New England and especially from Maine; that the census of 1880 shows that 182,367 of her native born population have gone to swell the population, and increase the wealth and intelligence of all the states and territories in the union. Who are the sons and daughters of Maine and New England who have left the homes of their youth to seek their fortunes in the great West, and in every section of this country? They are among your most distinguished statesmen. They have filled the highest offices in the gift of your states. They are among your leading lawyers, eminent jurists, dispensers of justice to your people. They fill your pulpits, and professors and presidents of your colleges. They help form the props and foundations of your best societies. They are supporters of religion, morality and virtue.

They believe in schoolhouses and churches, and lend their influence on the side of virtue and morality. They believe in square and equal justice to every citizen. Their voices and their arms are raised at all times to put down anarchy, that hellborn product of Europe, and all its kindred crimes and vices, and to suppress everything that strikes a blow against our glorious institutions, which are the bulwark of our liberties.

Notwithstanding this seeming drain from the very vitals of New England, and from Maine, they both continue to increase in population and wealth. Maine's valuation has increased $65,000,000 during the past decade. Her bank deposits have increased $20,000,000.

Her industries and wealth have increased in a far greater ratio. Her population has, too, increased. Her farmers and her farms have increased.

While the sons and daughters of New England have in the past been instrumental in founding new States and territories, she will yet in the future have a surplus to spare if necessary to build up other States and territories and at the same time grow and increase in business, wealth and population. "Shall not the self same mould bring forth the self same men?"

I am able to say that the tide has turned. The [illegible] will [illegible]

show a far greater increase in population, as well as in all material growth in the State of Maine.

We have not intended to draw invidious comparisons between the East and West or between any section of our common country.

We yield pre-eminence to the great West in her marvelous growth. We bow in admiration and great deference to her wonderful grain fields, waving with a golden harvest, and which traverse her rich prairies farther than the eye can reach.

But the West cannot wholly be independent of the East. The East taps her vast granaries and draws from them the deficit she does not herself produce, to help feed the hungry multitudes of artisans and wage-workers who swarm her living hives of industries, while the east in return takes from the East the thousand and one articles of commerce which she needs, and does not or cannot produce.

The South, too, sends to the East a portion of her cotton, sugar, rice, and other crops which she raises in excess of her own consumption, and which cannot be grown in the East, receiving in exchange many necessaries and luxuries wrought or produced there. But not content with this she is drawing to herself vast streams of capital from the willing East to develop her long-slumbering resources.

The interests of all states and sections are identical, so far as go to make us a great people. It matters not on which side the balance is struck, the debt and credit are for the mutual advancement and benefit of all, and all are one.

You have gathered here from all parts of this wide-extended country for what purpose? Is it not to take wise counsel together to form a united chain which extends through every state and territory that you may be strong and not in conflict? And is it not one of your principal aims to see that your rulers enact wise and beneficent laws favorable to the vast and powerful constituency which you represent.

Whether Democrat or Republican, whatever our politics, creed or faith, we should unite to labor for and protect the diversified interests of all industries that affect the prosperity and interest of agriculture in all its branches, and especially, that will protect and throw safeguards around the direct products of the farmer and save him from the dire results of foreign competition, so far as it may be done without great detriment or wrong to any section, or to any important American industry.

This great galaxy of states, powerful in its unity, revolves around one central head from which they all radiate, and from which they derive their strength and hopes and life. United, no power on the face of the earth can sever one member of this great body politic. Dismembered, and we fall a prey to anarchy and discord, and lose the respect of the nations.

The government is the heart of this republic, the States and territories are the arteries and blood vessels. From its pulsations flow the streams of life which are necessary to preserve and strengthen and give vitality to every member. If the most remote State in the south bleeds, Maine will feel the hurt and pulsate in sympathy. Let Texas be invaded by a hostile foe, and Maine will rise as one man in her defence. By so doing she only protects part of herself, bone of her bone and flesh of her flesh.

We in the East believe in one solid government—one great and glorious country. We believe that the flag that floats over the capital at Washington is the flag of the South and of the North, of the East and of the West—that its glorious folds are unfolded to protect all alike—every American citizen, wherever he may be, in every sea and in every clime, that it is the emblem of our nation's greatness, prosperity, majesty and power—the hope of freedom and of a united people.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC.

A troublesome skin disease caused me to scratch for ten months and has been cured by a few days use of S S S.

M H WOLFF, Upper Marlboro, Md.

Swift Specific.

I was cured several years ago of white swelling in my leg by the use of S. S. S., and have had no symptoms of any return of the disease. Many prominent physicians attended me and all failed, but S. S. S. did the work.

PAUL W. KIRKPATRICK, Johnson City Tenn.

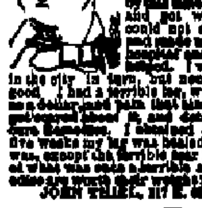
Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

A B JRNING SOP E LEG

Ulcers Form. Hospitals and Doctors Useless. Crazed with Pain. Cured by Cuticura Remedies.

About eight years ago I wrote you from Wilkes-barre, Pa., describing how your wonderful remedies completely cured me of a terrible case of eczema or salt rheum. I must now tell you what Cuticura Remedies have again done for me. On the 3d of last September, I had the misfortune to bruise my leg, and I put a piece of sticking plaster on it. Inside of a week I had a terrible leg. My wife became frightened and advised me to go to a surgeon. I went, and doctored for two months, but no good was done me, besides costing me big money. My leg had by this time formed into an ulcer and got worse every day. I could not stand it any longer, and made up my mind to go to a hospital and see if I could be helped. I went to several here in the city in turn, but none could do me any good. I had a terrible leg, with a hole in it as big as a dollar, and pain that almost set me crazy. I got several of your Cuticura Remedies. I obtained a set, and inside of five weeks my leg was healed up as well as it ever was, except the terrible scar it left for a reminder of what was such a terrible sore leg. These Remedies are worth their weight in gold.

JOHN THIEL, 317 E. 65th Street, New York.



Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier and greatest of Humor Remedies, internally (to cleanse the blood of all impurities and poisonous elements, and thus remove the cause), and Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, and Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally (to clear the skin and scalp, and restore the hair), speedily and permanently cure every species of itching, burning, scaly, crusted, pimply, scrofulous, and hereditary diseases and humors, from infancy to age, from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, blackheads, red, rough, chapped, and oily skin cured by Cuticura Soap.

MUSCULAR STRAINS

and pains, back ache, weak kidneys, rheumatism, and chest pains relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only instantaneous pain-killing plaster.

oct1 Wed&wlm

STATEMENT OF

Bangor Loan and Building Association,

Bangor, Me., September 30, 1890.

WILT PEARSON, President.

ALBERT T THOMPSON, Secretary.

ARTHUR F. STETSON, Treasurer.

LIABILITIES.

Accumulated capital	$105,129 10
Guaranty fund	[illegible]
Due on loans	[illegible]
Mortgage	[illegible]
	$110,309 60

RESOURCES

Loans on mortgages of real estate	[illegible]
Loans on shares	[illegible]
Furniture and expense	[illegible]
Cash	[illegible]
	$110,309 60

Number of shareholders	[illegible]
Borrowers—bank	[illegible]
Non-borrowers	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Loans	[illegible]

GEORGE D. [illegible], Bank Examiner.

oct9 1w

'he New Webster.'

Webster's International Dictionary, the Authentic Unabridged, Revised and Enlarged. Just published, for sale by

D. BUGBEE & CO.

Maine General Hospital.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the Maine General Hospital will be held at four o'clock in the afternoon of Tuesday, November 4th, 1890, at the office of the Treasurer of the corporation in the Portland Savings Bank Building in Portland, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year and of transacting such other business as may legally be presented.

By Order of the Directors.

F R. BARRETT, Secretary.

Portland, Oct 18th, 1890.

oct20

BOOK BINDING

Blank Books

Made to Order by

D. BUGBEE & CO.

oct1

[illegible]ES.

Fresh Mackerel, Halibut, Cod, Haddock, Bluefish, Scarboro Clams, And Fresh Opened Oysters

—AT—

A. FRED JONES' SONS.

oct8

PUT UP EXPRESSLY

FOR FAMILY USE

in 3, 5, and 10 lb. pails and 10 lb. tubs, also

PURE LARD

by the tierce, barrel, half barrels and tubs; is for sale by every first-class grocer and provision dealer—all lard rendered by us is free from all Cotton Seed Oil, Tallow, Beef, and other adulterations so commonly used, and WARRANTED STRICTLY PURE. None genuine without our name stamped upon the package.

JOHN P. SQUIRE & Co., BOSTON, MASS.

JOHN H. VOSE, EASTERN AGENT, PORTLAND, MAINE

PENSIONS.

The new bill has passed and all who are interested in pensions should call on or write.

T. D. CHAMBERLAIN.

Late Special Examiner U. S. Pension Office, who has on the necessary blanks.

NO. 13 HAMMOND STREET, BANGOR, MAINE.

With Harry Chapman

DR. McGILL'S ORANGE BLOSSOM

A cure for all female diseases, including ovarian tumors, cancers and polypus. O. B. has cured me.—Mrs. F. L. S. Auburn, Me. Mrs. T. of South Dovercraft: It is splendid for falling. I have been troubled for 15 years and have been cured by O. B. Mrs. C. of Bath, Maine. The best thing I ever saw for ladies, is done wonders. A trial package sent free on receipt of postage stamp.

Address, Mrs. M. E. BOYNTON, Gen. Box 168, Bangor, Me.

June 19 d&w

Axes! Axes!

Atcostock and Sherman & Co.'s Wedge and Maine Pattern Axes. Also axe handles of all kinds at

W. P. DICKEY & CO.'S.

sept19

New Buckwheat

—AND—

MAPLE SYRUP,

—AT—

SHERMAN & THOMPSON'S.

oct1

Agents For the Kelly Axes.

The E Kelley axes made at Buffalo, Me., are acknowledged by all lumbermen to be the best axes in use. For sale by

JOHN CASSIDY & SON.

oct1

GARDENERS,

And all who grow potted plants, or have lawns to care for, will be made happy if they use the new

Tobacco Sulphur Fertilizer.

Economical effective. No weed seeds. Nothing to disfigure the lawn or flower beds.

HARLOW'S DRUG STORE.

SPONGES.

An elegant line of Sponges for all household purposes, toilet, bath, window washing, carriages, &c. &c. All prices.

HARLOW'S DRUG STORE.

If you want

A FINE POCKET KNIFE,

you had better look at a small assortment just received at

HARLOW'S DRUG STORE.

oct13

VH

BOSTON.

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLAN.

245 Tremont St.

[illegible]

Deerfoot Farm Sausage

—AND—

Finnan Haddies,

—AT—

FICKETT & NASONS.

oct15

[illegible]

—AND—

Pure Maple Syrup

Just Received

—BY—

JAMES H. S OW & CO.

25 West Market Square

FRANK D. PULLEN & CO.'S

GRAND OPENING OF

FALL CLOTHING!

Now is the time to see the Finest Stock of

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

Ever Seen in Bangor.

WE ARE RECEIVING DAILY OUR FALL STOCK.

And to say these Goods are Well Made and very Stylish, is but telling the plain truth. We wish to say to our friends and the public generally that we feel confident we can show you a much larger and FINER STOCK than ever before and at lower prices. Our stock of

Men's Business and Dress Suits,

FALL AND WINTER OVERCOATS,

Is Complete

OUR BOYS' DEPARTMENT

Is full of the Latest Novelties of the Season. We have just received from Boston and New York Houses a Full Line of

BOYS' HEAVY WEIGHT SUITS,

Made up in the Latest Styles and at Bottom Prices. In our

FURNISHING GOODS DEPARTMENT

We have an extra large stock of Beautiful Goods for Men and Boys. All the Latest Fall Styles in HATS and CAPS. Our

BOOT AND SHOE DEPARTMENT

Is Full of NEW GOODS from the Best Manufacturers. Our

CUSTOM DEPARTMENT

As usual in the hands of Skilled Workmen. We intend to have the Largest and Best Line of

Men's and Boys Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps,

Ever shown in Bangor, and at Lower Prices than Ever Before Heard of

Remember Our Store is at the

CORNER OF STATE AND EXCHANGE STREETS,

BANGOR, MAINE.

FRANK D. PULLEN & CO.

sept26

[illegible] M[illegible].

Our Ladies'

$2 Dongola Boot,

—IN—

Button and Lace,

SPRING HEEL,

Opera and Common Sense Toe,

In C, D, E and EE Widths.

—AT—

HOLSTEAD'S

ONE PRICE

Shoe and Hat Store,

No. 1 Kenduskeag Bridge,

Bangor, Maine

oct15

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

My driving horse Selim. He is one of the best road horses in the county, has trotted in 2.38 and with proper training can go much faster. Was never beaten, tired or sick and afraid of nothing.

One Banger open buggy, nearly new.

One very light easy running open buggy sound and good, will sell cheap.

One nice sleigh, nearly new.

One second hand harness.

One high sleigh.

One hay cutter, [illegible].

400 potatoe sacks.

C. H. DENNETT

oct8

STATE OF MAINE.

Penobscot, ss. At a Probate Court holden at Bangor, within and for said County on the fourteenth day of October, 1890, being an adjourned session of the September Term, A. D. 1890 of said Court.

A certain instrument purporting to be a copy of the last will and testament of Lemuel Clark, late of Princess Anne County in the State of Virginia, and of the probate thereof, in said State of Virginia, duly authenticated having been presented to the judge of probate for our said County for the purpose of being allowed, filed and recorded in the Probate Court for our said County, and a petition having been filed by C. E. Lakin, the executor named therein, that letters testamentary may be issued to him:

Ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested therein, by publishing a copy of this order three weeks successively in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, a newspaper published at Bangor in said County of Penobscot, the first publication to be thirty days at least prior to the next Tuesday of November, A.D 1890, that they may appear at a Probate Court, then to be held at Bangor, within and for said County of Penobscot, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, against the same.

JAMES H BURGESS, Judge of Probate.

Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

A true copy of the original.

Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

oct20 3w

J. HENRY WHARFF, F. D.,

12 STATE STREET, BANGOR, ME

All kinds of Furniture, both old and new, successfully treated.

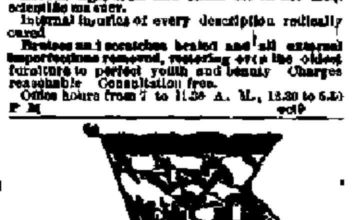
Broken legs, arms and backs set in the most scientific manner.

Internal injuries of every description radically cured.

Bruises and scratches healed and all external imperfections removed, restoring even the oldest furniture to perfect youth and beauty. Charges reasonable. Consultation free.

Office hours from 7 to 11.30 A. M., 12.30 to 6.30 P. M.

oct9



New York Steamship Co.

EVERY SATURDAY

THE IRON STEAMSHIP

'VALENCIA,'

(1600 TONS)

Capt. F. C. MILLER,

—LEAVES—

ATLANTIC WHARF, ROCKLAND,

At 6.30 P. M., for New York.

Landing at Cottage City, arriving in New York Sunday night, and freight delivered early Monday morning.

Returning, steamer will leave New York, Pier 18, East River, TUESDAYS at 5 P. M., Cottage City, Wednesdays, 3 A. M., arriving at Rockland early Thursday mornings, in season to connect with steamers of Boston & Bangor S. S. Co. for BANGOR and PENOBSCOT RIVER LANDINGS, BAR HARBOR, &c., connecting at 6 A. M., at BAR HARBOR and ST. JOHN, N B.

Tickets for sale at all Penobscot River Landings and by pursers on steamers leaving BANGOR AT [illegible] A. M. for ROCKLAND.

Goods shipped to and from all the principal points, on through bills of lading, at all connections are established.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Bangor to New York, including transfer at Rockland and berth in state room	$7.00
Round Trip Tickets, including transfer at Rockland and berth in state room	13.00
Rockland to New York, including berth in State room	6.00
Round Trip Tickets, including berth in State room	10.00

Meals 75 cents or passage meal tickets at $2.

For particulars and Tickets call on

J. H. SH IRMAN, Agent,

8 Kenduskeag Block, Bangor.

Or H. L. [illegible], General Manager, [illegible] Broadway, New York City.

June [illegible]

J. D. GLYNN,

8 and 9 State Street.

School Stationery and Supplies.

Blank Books, Composition Books.

CRAYONS, SLATES, LEAD PENCILS,

Pens, Paper in Pads, Inks, &c.

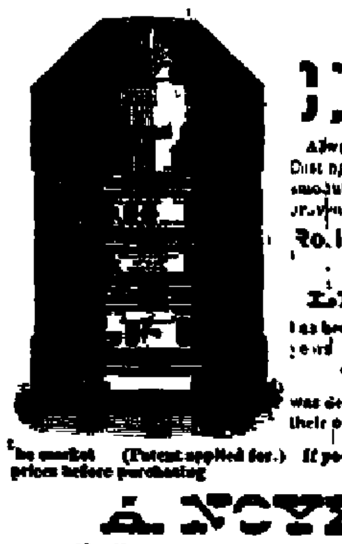
Towns Supplied at Lowest Prices.

J. D. GLYNN,

8 and 9 State Street.

sept15

THE LEADER



WALKER'S

[illegible]

Always at the head. Why? Because Heavy Castings, Tight Joints, Durability and extra amount of Heat places it there. Has all latest improvements. The

Roller Grate with Draw Center

—AND THE—

LEVER SHAKER

has been in use in this Furnace for the past two years.

THE LEVER SHAKER

was designed by the makers of this Furnace for their own use and is the best and easiest shaker in the market. (Patent applied for.) If you are in want of a Furnace please get our prices before purchasing.

A. NOYES & CO.

sept19eod2m

For a Few Days Only.

Just received by Steamer LUCY P. MILLER, a consignment of Choice

PORTIERES AND RUGS.

These goods are sent to us on sale and we offer them at BARGAIN PRICES. The styles are all entirely new and will not be duplicated.

Will be Open Monday, October 20th.

CARPETS.

Our stock of Carpets is the largest and choicest ever shown east of Boston and OUR PRICES are as LOW as any of our competitors. We are prepared to make and lay Carpets, neatly and promptly. Mr. WILLIAM SWEET has charge of our workroom and will be pleased to serve his old customers.

WINDOW SHADES

In great variety and at popular prices. We are prepared to make, fit and hang window shades in a satisfactory manner.

C. [illegible] LYON & CO.

LOOK FOR WHITE FRONT.

oct[illegible]

Railroads and Steamships.

Maine Central Railroad.

Arrangement of Trains

In Effect OCTOBER 12, 1890

Until further notice trains will leave Bangor as follows:

GOING EAST.

6.45 A. M.—For St. Stephen, Aroostook Co., St. John and all points East of [illegible], and the Provinces, with Parlor car for [illegible].

7.15 A. M.—For Oldtown and [illegible].

11.25 A. M.—For Oldtown and all [illegible].

[illegible] P. M.—For all local points to Vanceboro.

[illegible] P. M.—(Mixed) for Oldtown and [illegible].

[illegible] P. M.—For Oldtown and [illegible].

[illegible] P. M.—Night express train for [illegible], Woodstock, Aroostook County and [illegible], sleeping car for St. John attached [illegible].

GOING WEST.

7.00 A. M.—Fast Express, daily, [illegible], with [illegible] car attached for [illegible], Hallowell, Gardiner, Brunswick, [illegible], Boston, connecting with [illegible] for New York.

11.30 P. M.—(Mixed) for Waterville.

1.00 P. M.—Flying Yankee, for [illegible] Boston, with through Parlor car, connecting at Portland with [illegible] and all points in the West.

[illegible] P. M.—For Dover and [illegible] and [illegible] from Newport for [illegible] via Waterville.

[illegible] P. M.—(Night Train) [illegible] via Augusta, with Pullman [illegible].

Night trains between Bangor and [illegible] between Bangor and St. John [illegible] each way every night, Sundays included.

BUCKSPORT BRANCH

[illegible]

MT. DESERT BRANCH.

Trains leave Bangor for Ellsworth, Bar Harbor at 7.00 A. M. [illegible]

[illegible]

ARRIVALS.

[illegible]

F E. BOOTHBY, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

Oct 11, 1890

Bangor & Piscataquis Railroad.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS

STANDARD TIME

On and after MONDAY, [illegible]

[illegible]

ARTHUR BROWN [illegible]

Canadian Pacific Railway

NEW BRUNSWICK DIVISION

Passenger Train Service

In Effect Oct 12, 1890

WESTWARD

Leave St. John, Fredericton, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Edmundston, Grand Falls, Presque Isle, Caribou, Fort Fairfield, Woodstock, Houlton; Arrive Vanceboro, Bangor, Portland, Boston [illegible]

EASTWARD

Leave Boston, Portland, Bangor, Vanceboro; Arrive Houlton, Woodstock, Fort Fairfield, Caribou, Presque Isle, Grand Falls, Edmundston, St. Andrews, St. Stephen, Fredericton, St. John [illegible]

PULLMAN PARLOR AND SLEEPING CARS

WESTWARD

[illegible]

EASTWARD

[illegible]

Eastern Standard Time.

[illegible] TIMMERMAN, [illegible]

C. E. McPHERSON, [illegible] Passenger Agent

oct11

Boston & Bangor S. S. Co

Summer Service [illegible]

[illegible]

For Boston at 11.00 A. M.

For Hampden, Winterport, [illegible], Camden and Rockland, [illegible]

For Searsport at 11.00 A. M.

RETURNING.

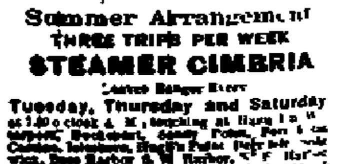
From Boston daily, except Sunday, [illegible]

From Rockland, touching at Camden, Searsport, Bucksport, Winterport and Hampden, [illegible] P.M., daily, except Monday.

HENRY T SANBORN, Agent.

WILLIAM H HILL, Gen'l Manager.

June 7 d&w



BANGOR & BAR HARBOR S. B CO

Summer Arrangement

THREE TRIPS PER WEEK

STEAMER CIMBRIA

Leaves Bangor Every

Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

at 1.00 o'clock A. M., touching at Hampden, Winterport, Bucksport, Sandy Point, Fort Point, Castine, Islesboro, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Brooklin, South West Harbor, Northeast Harbor, and Seal Harbor, arriving at Bar Harbor at [illegible] P. M. Fare to Bar Harbor $1.50.

The Steamer leaves Bangor after arrival of all morning trains and evening trains from the [illegible] to connect with all evening trains over Maine Central R. R. East and West and for Bar Harbor.

Returning, leaves Bar Harbor for Bangor every

Monday, Wednesday and Friday

at 7.00 o'clock A. M., touching at all landings, arriving in Bangor at [illegible] P. M.

Connections, Belfast and Bar Harbor. Connections made with Steamer [illegible] at Castine, every Monday for Belfast, every Saturday from Belfast and Bar Harbor.

F M LAUGHTON, President.

S. B HARBOUR, General Manager.

FRANK D PULLEN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

may17

WINTER IS COMING!

It gives me pleasure to remind you that Fall and winter is fast approaching and to remind you of the need to have your overcoats and [illegible] in shape for use.

PROF. W. A. JOHNSON, 75 Pickering Square, Bangor.

sept17

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